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The Bombay Chronicle

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CHURCHILL BOOSTS BRITISH RULE IN INDIA

"Imperial Shield Saved Her From War Horrors"

BRITISH PREMIER'S TRIBUTE TO MOUNTBATTEN'S ACHIEVEMENT ON BURMA FRONT

LONDON, September 28:—Mr. Churchill, in a review of the war and the international situation, told a crowded House of Commons today, that the last seven weeks had completely changed the face of the war in Europe.

INDIA RESTS BEHIND IMPERIAL SHIELD!

Mr. Churchill relating the achievements of Admiral Mountbatten's campaign said: "Once again India and her vast population has reposed serenely amid the tumults and hurricanes of the world behind the Imperial Shield."

BENEFITS OF BRITISH RULE

Continuing Mr. Churchill said: he noted that under British rule "The fact should sometimes in the last 80 years incomparably fewer people have perished by steel or firearms in India than in any similar area or community throughout the Globe."

COST OF LIBERATION OF FRANCE

Prime Minister Churchill began his review of the war to-day by describing the Allied progress in France, Belgium and Holland.

"The foul enemy who for four years has inflicted his cruelties and oppression upon those countries has fled leaving perhaps 400,000 in killed and wounded and leaving in our hands nearly half a million prisoners", he said. "Besides these there may well be 200,000 of them in the coastal fortresses in Holland, whose destruction or captured may now be deemed highly probable."

He described the battle of Normandy as "the greatest and most decisive single battle of the entire war. Chaos and destruction wrought by the Allied airforces behind the battle front reduces to petty dimensions all that our own army had to suffer from the German air force in 1940.

All Atlantic Channel ports from the Spanish frontier to the Hook of Holland will presently be in our possession, yielding fine harbours and substantial masses of prisoners of war.

The speed with which mighty British and American armies in France were built up is almost incredible. There are now between two and three million men in France.

ANGLO-AMERICAN RATIO

"Some time ago a statement was made by a Senator to the effect that the American public would be shocked to learn that they would have to provide 80 per cent of the forces to invade the Continent. I then said that at the outset of the invasion of France, British and American forces would be practically equal but that thereafter American buildup would give them steadily a lead. I am glad to say that after 120 days of fighting we still bear in cross-Channel troops a proportion of two to three in personnel and of four to five-and-a-half in the fighting Divisions in France.

COST OF LIBERATION OF FRANCE

Casualties have followed very closely the proportion of numbers. We have lost upwards of 90,000 men killed, wounded and missing, and the United States including Gen. Patch's army over 145,000. Such is the price in blood paid by the English-speaking democracies for the actual liberation of the soil of France. When this view is extended to cover the entire European scene and the campaigns both in France and Italy, it will be a source of satisfaction to the House to know that after more than five years of war we still maintain almost exactly the same number of Divisions, taking both the theatres, together, in the field of action against the enemy as the United States, by all the shipping resources which can be employed, have yet been able to send to Europe. Considering that the population in the Empire of the British race is only 70 million and that we have sustained many losses in the early years of the war, it certainly is a remarkable effort."

RUSSIA BEARS BRUNT

Mr. Churchill pointed out that Russia was holding and beating far larger hostile forces than those which faced the Allies in the west and had through long years at enormous losses borne the brunt of the struggle on land.

BURMA WAR

"I must again refer to the subject of the campaign in Burma on which I touched in my last statement to the House. I was somewhat concerned to observe from my reading of the American Press in which I indulged during my stay on the other side that widespread misconceptions exist in the public mind, so far as that is reflected by newspapers, about the skill of our efforts in Burma and the results to date of Admiral Mountbatten's campaign. Some very important organs of United States opinion seem to give the impression that the British campaign in Burma in 1944 has been a failure or at least a stalemate and that nothing has been done and that the campaign was redeemed by the brilliant capture of Myitkyina by Gen. Stilwell at the head of an American Regiment of very high class Commando troops and with the assistance of the Chinese. That is the picture. I must therefore set matters in their true light.

GRAND EFFORT BY U. S.

"It is well-known that the United States has been increasingly engaged in establishing an air route to China capable of carrying immense supplies, and by astounding efforts and at a vast cost they are now sending over the terrible Himalayas or 'hump', as it is called in the armies, I will not say how many times as much as the Burma Road has ever carried in its palmiest days or will ever carry in the years to come. This incredible feat of transport at 20,000 or 22,000 feet height in the air, over ground where engine failure means certain death to the pilot, has been performed by a grand effort which the United States has made in their passionate desire to aid the resistance of China.

"Along the eastern frontiers of India stands the 14th British Imperial Army comprising the main war effort of India including some of the most famous Indian Divisions from the Middle East, and a substantial proportion of United Kingdom troops and divisions, together with some excellent native divisions from Africa —West Africa principally.

This army under Admiral Mountbatten, mounting to between a quarter of a million and 300,000 men —apart from rearward operations which in that theatre of extraordinarily and physically precarious communications are, very great—this army has by its aggressive operations guarded the base of the American air line to China and protected India against the horrors of Japanese invasion.

BOOST TO BRITISH RULE

"Once again India and her vast population have reposed serenely among the tumults and hurricanes of the world behind the Imperial shield (cheers). The fact should sometimes be noted that under British Rule in the last 80 years incomparably fewer people have perished by steel or firearms in India than in any similar area or community throughout the globe."

What About Famine?

Mr. McGovern (Independent Labour Party) interjected: "Many have perished by hunger."

Mr. Churchill continued: "Well, the population has increased by 60 million in the last ten years. It is evident that the famine which was caused by military conditions affecting transport is by no means representative of the administration under which the broad peninsula of India has met the increase of population, exceeding speed of that of any increase throughout the whole world combined.

"I think it a very remarkable fact that India has received shelter and has been this vast harbour of peace protected by the armies and authority of Great Britain, and protected also by the care and attention of this house, in which the brave fighting races of India have at all times borne a most honourable and memorable part.

Mr. Churchill deprecated people being carried away into premature expectations of immediate cessation of fighting. There was still a great deal to do in the military sense. He could give no guarantee that several months of 1945 may not be required. "We certainly don't consider that the declared date of ending the war against Germany must necessarily be postponed until the last desperado has been tracked down to his last lair".

JAPS MAY RENEW ATTACK

"We must, however, expect a renewal of Japanese fighting after the monsoon is over and every preparation is being made to meet it with the utmost vigour.

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Gandhiji At Birla House, disposing of his papers, before departure To Sevagram

NEW ALLIED AIR-BORNE LANDINGS IN HOLLAND

R.A.F. Fighter-Bombers Give Support To Troops Closing In On Calais Area

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The German Overseas' News Agency, reporting new Allied air-borne landings on the Nijmegen 'Bois de Duc' highway today, quoted a statement from the Headquarters of the Commander in the west, saying "fierce fighting is raging along the Eindhoven 'Bois de Duc' railway line.

The Allied command is straining every effort to widen the Nijmegen corridor on its western flank with utmost speed. The new landings were designed to assist this operation."

WITHDRAWAL OF ALLIED FORCES COMPLETED

S.H.A.E.F., Sept. 28: General Eisenhower's 'communique' today states: "The withdrawal of our forces from the north of the Neder Rijn has been completed. Fighting continued throughout yesterday in the area north of Nijmegen where Allied troops made some progress to the north-east against stiff opposition. On the west of the salient, advance was made south of Oss and the villages of Heesch and Nistlerode were freed.

Fighters and fighter-bombers attacked strong points and gun positions in the Arnhem Nijmegen area and strafed road and rail transport behind enemy lines in Holland. There were many combats and according to reports so far received 41 enemy aircraft were destroyed. Ten of ours are missing. To the east of the Allied salient, an attack was made by medium bombers on communications at Goch near the German frontier.

Last night, intruders attacked road and rail transport over a wide area in Holland and Western Germany. In Northern Belgium, our ground forces have further extended the bridgehead over the canal west of Turnhout.

Active patrolling on both sides continues from the north of Aachen to the Luneville area.

West of Metz an enemy counter-attack was contained in the vicinity of Gravelotte.

ATTACK ON CALAIS AREA

In the Calais area, our troops closing in on the town across flooded ground to the west, were given close support by fighter-bombers. A concentrated attack on fortified positions in the town was made by heavy bombers, one of which is missing.

Over 1,100 heavy bombers with strong fighter escort attacked industrial targets at Cologne, synthetic oil plant at Lunwi Shafen, tank factory at Kassel ordnance factory at Mainz and railway yards at Ludwigshafen, Mainz and Cologne.

GERMANS DEFEND LINE OF MEUSE

LONDON, Sept. 28: Hard fighting is going on everywhere in Holland reports Reuter's special correspondent with the British Secondary today. Patrols are brisk east of the corridor, but the Germans are hitting back defending the line of the Meuse.

ALLIED PLAN FOR OCCUPATION OF GERMANY

WASHINGTON, Sept 28.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau appeared today to have lost his fight with the War Secretary, Mr. Stimson and the Secretary of State Mr. Cordell Hull

It is said that President Roosevelt has indicated that while he originally supported certain Morgenthau criticism of the occupation policy of the War and the State Departments, he does not subscribe to Mr. Morgenthau's German plan.

The President's Cabinet Peace Policy Committee (consisting of the three secretaries) seems likely to pass out o the picture with Mr. Hull and Mr. Stimson retaining the reins firmly in their own hands. The impression is strong in high official quarters that as long as the Cabinet retains Mr. Morgenthau, Mr. Stimson and Mr. Hull, sharp differences over this critical issue will mar their relationship.

ROOSEVELT'S VIEW

President Roosevelt's method of disposing of the issue may be either pigeonholing the Morgenthau plan or issuing a policy order to those directing the German peace policy, so that no doubt remains. The whole programme is expected to be functioning by the weekend normally as before Mr. Morgenthau's appearance on the scene. Mr. Morgenthau's representatives on the German Planning Committee are expected to be advised to confine themselves to economic questions.

Russian and British policies for the control of German industry or political controls are not fully known in Washington. It is regarded as highly probable that East Prussia and most of Silesia will go to Poland, with France getting Saar and possibly acquiring or long occupying the Ruhr.

Washington looks up to the Prime Minister Mr. Churchill's speech tomorrow for clarification of British views on Germany's fate.—Reuter.

FOUR GENERALS KNIGHTED

CALCUTTA, Sept. 28: The London Gazette contains the announcement of the approval by His Majesty the King of the award of the K.C.B. to Lt.-Gen. W. J. Slim, G.O.C.-in-C. 14th Army, and of the K.B.E. to Lt.-Gen. G. A. P. Sconones, Commander 4th Corps, Lt.-Gen. A. F. P. Christison, Commander 15th Indian Corps, and Lt.-Gen. M. G. N. Stopford, Commander 33rd Indian Corps. Thus in traditional fashion the King recognises the signal victory won by 14th Army, and by conferring Knighthoods on the Army Commander, himself, and on all his corps commanders.

(Continued from Column 7)

with a concrete formula—I myself a concrete being of flesh and blood—and when he had put something concrete shape, I felt I could hug it and touch it. Therefore you see the vast difference between 1942 and today.

NO DEPARTURE FROM CONGRESS STANDPOINT

However, thereby I have not departed from the Congress standpoint in general terms. Congress has accepted self-determination and the Rajaji formula has also accepted the principle of self-determination and, therefore the formula had become a common ground".

Proceeding, Mahatma Gandhi explained that he accepted the principle of Sovereign States, consistent with friendliness. "Friendliness suggests", he said, "that before the whole world we must act as one nation, not united by extraneous circumstances, or united by force of British arms but united by greater force, that is our own determined will."

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STOP PRESS

ALLIES CAPTURE CALAIS CITADEL

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at Second British Army Headquarters, Thursday: Calais Citadel has been captured and the fall of the town is imminent. West of Turnhout British and Canadian troops have crossed the canal in considerable strength.—Reuter.

MAHATMA SETS TASK FOR PRESS AND PUBLIC

"It Is For Them To Hasten Day When He Would Meet Jinnah Again"

C. R. SAYS MUSLIMS HAVE LOST GREAT OPPORTUNITY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Answering a question at a press conference at Birla House this morning Mahatma Gandhi expressed the hope that he would meet Mr. M. A. Jinnah again.

TASK FOR PRESS AND PUBLIC

"It is for the Press and the Public" he added, "to hasten that day. I can assure you that we have parted friends and not enemies."

"EVERYTHING CONCEDED ON SINGLE FAMILY BASIS"

Gandhiji, however, asserted that the proposals he put forward conceded "everything that could reasonably be conceded if we consider ourselves one family."

Sitting cross-legged on a pellette, with more than 40 pressmen forming a semi-circle in front of him, Gandhiji led off the Press Conference by reading a brief statement.

THIRD PARTY HINDERS SOLUTION

"My experience of the precious three weeks confirms me in the view that the presence of a third power hinders the solution. A mind enslaved cannot act as if it was free' he observed in the course of statement.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Nagindas Master, Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder and Mr. S. K. Patil were among the interested listeners at the conference. Mrs. Naidu who had taken her seat on a sofa behind Gandhiji remarked on his arrival: "I am the power behind the throne!"

"WON'T HAPPEN AT SEWAGRAM"

After the formal part of the Conference was over, Gandhiji spent some time exchanging pleasantries with the pressmen. The fact that electric lights were kept burning at Birla House in broad daylight seemed to intrigue him a great deal. "You will find no such thing at Sewagram" he remarked with a chuckle.

Gandhiji in the course of his opening statement said:—

"It is a matter of deep regret that we could not reach an agreement but there is no cause for disappointment".

"The breakdown is only so-called. It is an adjournment 'sine die.' Each one of us must now talk to the public and put our viewpoints before them. If we do so dispassionately and if the public co-operate, we may reach a solution of the seemingly insoluble at an early date.

"My experience of the previous three weeks confirms me in the view that the presence of a third power hinders the solution. A mind enslaved cannot act as if it was free. I need not impute base motive to the rulers to prove what seems to me to be an axiomatic truth.

"Nevertheless, I am going to work for the solution as I have been doing these weeks. The questions for consideration are simple.

Has the Rajaji Formula or mine made a reasonable approach to the Lahore Resolution? If they or either of them is such an approach, all parties, and especially members of the Muslim League should ask Quaid-e-Azam to revise his opinion.

If Rajaji and I have stultified the Lahore Resolution, we should be educated. The chief thing is for the press and the public to avoid partisanship and bitterness."

MAHATMA ANSWERS QUESTIONS

"I shall act as the Inner Voice tells" replied Mahatma Gandhi to a question on his future plans, whether he proposed to concentrate on a Hindu-Muslim settlement or take up political work, SEEKING IMPRISONMENT IF NECESSARY.

Asked how far the offer he had made, had conceded the demand made in the Lahore Resolution of the League, Mahatma Gandhi emphasised that the Rajaji Formula or the formula that he presented, conceded the substance of the League demand.

"In my opinion, either formula gives as much as can reasonably be expected with due regard to the interests of the whole of India" he said. SO FAR AS HE WAS CONCERNED THE OFFER HE HAD MADE STOOD.

"I think," he said, "It is a just solution of the problem and it is in the spirit of the policy which the Congress has consistently adopted in connection with the communal question, namely, self-determination".

Representative Character

A question was asked why Mahatma Gandhi prolonged the talks when he was apprised of Mr. Jinnah's views on the first day of the talks.

Mahatma Gandhi answered: "I am a man reputed to have inexhaustible patience and I had no reason to despair of either being converted by the Quaid-e-Azam or in my turn converting him. Therefore, so long as there was the slightest possibility, I CLUNG TO THE HOPE THAT WE SHALL PULL THROUGH TO A SOLUTION.

Haste in such cases is a most dangerous thing. You should, therefore, conclude that yesterday was really the moment when the public should have been taken into confidence.

As for myself, I am entirely satisfied that we have not wasted these three weeks. I have no doubt whatsoever we know now each other better than ever before.

"When you agreed to meet Mr. Jinnah did you never lose sight of the idea that he was the sole representative of the Muslims", asked a reporter.

Mahatma Gandhi replied: "I have never admitted that claim but I have said throughout that the Muslim League is by far the most representative Muslim organisation.

It would have been folly on my part not to recognise this but I have always been aware that there is outside the League a large body of Muslims which does not see eye to eye with the League and which does not believe in the two nations theory"

Hopes To Meet Jinnah Again

When asked whether now that these negotiations had failed he would resume the fight for freedom, Mahatma Gandhi asserted that the fight for freedom had not been suspended when he approached the Quaid-e-Azam. "My approach to the Quaid-e-Azam was itself a part of the fight for freedom" he said.

Asked if there was any possibility of the two leaders meeting again in the near future, Mahatma Gandhi said: "I hope so. IT IS FOR THE PRESS AND THE PUBLIC TO MAKE IT POSSIBLE AND HASTEN THE DATE. I assure you that we have not parted as enemies but as friends".

If the Rajaji Formula or his own formula had conceded the substance of the Lahore Resolution, then why not agree to the resolution itself, was the next question.

Mahatma Gandhi replied: "Although the Resolution does not say so, if you study the correspondence it shows that it is based on the two nations theory and it has been known as the Pakistan resolution.

Two-Nations Theory

Further I had to examine the resolution in view of the interpretation put upon it by the Quaid-e-Azam in his numerous speeches and statements in elucidation of the resolution.

It is indisputable that the resolution, while it does not enunciate that theory, is based upon that theory. The Quaid-e-Azam has insisted upon that.

Therefore I urge that apart from the two nation theory, if I could accept the principle of division of India in accordance with the demand of the League, he should accept it. But unfortunately it was just there we split".

Asked about Mr. Jinnah's views regarding a provisional interim Government which Mahatma Gandhi had suggested, he said: I AM NOT SURE THE QUAID-E-AZAM PUTS GREAT WEIGHT ON THE INTERIM GOVERNMENT. I gave all the explanation of my conception of an interim Government without any reservation.

It is quite clear in my letter. If I did not go any further I did so because I could not and even if you cross-examine me any further, I would have to say I could not go any further.

But if as you suggest the Quaid-e-Azam attached greater weight than I do, then it was open to him to put it into concrete form".

Cannot Despise Non-League Muslims

Mahatma Gandhi was told that those Muslims who did not see eye to eye with the League had no real Muslim backing. He replied: "Therefore, I have said that the League is by far the most representative of Muslim opinion but I cannot despise the others by simply saying that they have no Muslim backing.

What does it matter if they have no more Muslim backing if the opinion represented by a single Mus-

MUSLIM MISSED GREAT OPPORTUNITY, SAYS RAJAJI

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, in an exclusive interview to the "Chronicle" regarding the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks, said:—"This is the time when we should restrain our feelings; yet I cannot refrain from giving expression to my deep grief that the Muslims have missed a very great opportunity.

"It is cent per cent true that the proposals embodied in my formula and in Gandhiji's letter, dated September 24, are a true and genuine fulfilment of the Lahore Resolution. The amorphous proposal contained in that resolution can take the Muslims nowhere unless it is given body and shape as we have tried sincerely to do in order that the aspirations of the Muslims as well as the others in India may be fulfilled without injury or injustice to any community".

lim or by a body of Muslims whom you can count on your fingers, is instrinsically sound?

The way of approaching a question is not to examine the numerical strength of those behind the opinion but to examine the soundness of the opinion on merits, or else we will never reach a solution and if we reach one it will be a blind solution simply because it is the wish of the largest body.

If the largest body go wrong, it is up to me to say you are wrong and not to submit.

The rule of majority does not mean, it should suppress the opinion of even an individual if it is sound. An individual's opinion should have greater weight than the opinion of many, if that opinion is sound on merits. That is my view of real democracy."

LAHORE RESOLUTION & C. R. FORMULA

In that respect the Lahore resolution is quite sound—where there is an obvious Muslim majority they should be allowed to constitute a separate State by themselves and that has been fully conceded in the Rajaji Formula or my Formula. There is not much distinction between them. That right is conceded without the slightest reservation. But if it means utterly independent sovereignty, so that there is to be nothing in common between the two, I hold it is an impossible proposition. That means war to the knife. It is not a proposition that resolves itself into a voluntary or friendly solution. Therefore the Rajaji formula and my formula have presented certain things to be in common between Sovereign States. Therefore, there is no question of one party overbearing the other, or the Centre having an overbearing Hindu majority. I think our formula should be critically and sympathetically examined, and it would be found that the formula concedes everything that could reasonably be conceded if we consider ourselves to be one family. Children of the same family dissatisfied with one another by reason of change of religion if they should separate, then the separation should be within ourselves and not separation in the face of the whole world. When two brothers separate they do not become enemies of one another in the eyes of the world. The world will still recognise them as brothers."

PUT IN FALSE POSITION

A journalist said that some of the Nationalist Muslims felt that the Congress through Mahatma Gandhi meeting Mr. Jinnah had put them in a false position and that they might have to change their attitude towards Indian Nationalism. Mahatma Gandhi replied that it was an extraordinary suggestion. Nationalist Muslims were Nationalists simply because they could not be otherwise. "I am a Nationalist", he said, "not in order to please any body but because I cannot be otherwise. And if I approached the Quaid-e-Azab, I approached him in the common interests of myself and Nationalist Muslims and other Nationalists. Nationalist Muslims, so far as I know, were delighted when I approached the Quaid-e-Azam and were looking forward to a proper solution in the confidence that I would not sell the interests represented by them.

Undoubtedly a Nationalist Muslim represents the nation, but he represents the Muslims also who are a part of the nation. He would be guilty of disloyalty, if he sacrifices the Muslim interests. But my nationalism has taught me that I would be guilty of disloyalty, if I sacrifice the interests of a single Indian."

"VERY GREAT DIFFERENCE"

Asked if there was any difference between his present attitude towards the Muslim League demand, and the stand he took in 1942, Mahatma Gandhi said: "There is very great difference. In 1942 Rajaji had not burst on the scene as he did at the Aga Khan Palace with a concrete proposition. It reflects very great credit on his persistence. He never takes up a standpoint without the fullest consideration and having taken it up he follows it to the bitterest end. He had abundant faith in my loyalty, and he never gave me up as I have never given him up. When he found me in the Aga Khan Palace and presented the formula I did not take even five minutes, and I said: "Yes," because I saw it in a concrete shape. I have not read much literature. I have not seen much of the world. I have concentrated upon certain things in my life, and beyond that I have no other interests. Therefore, I could not realise the meaning of Rajaji's stand and I disliked it. But when he came

(Continued in Column 4)

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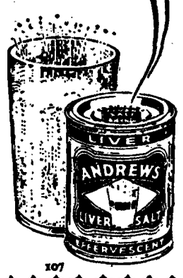

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CURTAIN GOES DOWN ON W. I. SQUASH TOURNEY

Seymour Haydon Wins Amateur Singles Title

The curtain was rung down on the Western India Squash Championships when the finals in all the three events were decided on Wednesday evening at the Cricket Club of India.

A Seymour Haydon won the Amateur Singles title when he defeated V. Magneac in a three-straight match; the loser scoring only one point throughout.

The Women's Singles final ran into a five game affair but Mrs. E. Pearson had to fight all the way to get the better of Miss S D. Billimoria in a very closely contested match.

Contrary to expectations the local professional Abdul Beri went down to Hashim Khan (Peshawar) in the Professional's Singles.

Mr. M. M. Amersey, who presided, distributed the trophies.

The results were as follows:

AMATEUR SINGLES (Final): Lt. Commdr. A. Seymour Haydon beat V. Magneac 9-1, 9-0, 9-0.

WOMEN'S SINGLES (Final): Mrs. E. H. Pearson beat Miss S. D. Billimoria 3-9, 9-4, 10-9, 5-9, 10-9.

PROFESSIONALS' SINGLES (Final): Hashim Khan beat Abdul Beri, 9-6, 9-6, 9-2.

BURMAH-SHELL have pleasure in announcing THE 5th ALL-INDIA ART in Industry EXHIBITION

The prospectus for the 1945 Exhibition is now ready and copies may be obtained from all Burmah-Shell offices and leading art schools. The scope of this Exhibition is wider than ever and in addition to sections devoted to all types of commercial art, the following are included — commercial photography, typography, interior decoration, film scenarios, window displays, textile designing, and handicrafts.

The prize fund exceeds Rs.25,000/-, and many sections are open to all artists at present in India including Services personnel.

The Exhibition will be held during January 1945 at the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, and the closing date for entries is November 20th, 1944, in Bombay, and November 1st in Burmah-Shell offices at Calcutta, Madras, Secunderabad, Lucknow, Delhi, Lahore, Karachi.

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BSAK 115A

SURVEY OF ADULT LITERACY DRIVE

Kher On Need For Co-ordination Between Govt. And Non-Official Agencies

"I must say that the problem of adult education which includes adult literacy is a colossal one, and unless there is co-ordination of effort on the part of Government, Municipal Corporation, The Bombay Port Trust authorities, the Social Welfare Department, the millowners and other private associations, we cannot expect any rapid progress." Thus observed Mr. B. G Kher, ex-Congress Premier and the Chairman of the Bombay Adult Education Committee at a Press Conference held at the office of the Committee, on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Kher was glad to observe that the experiments of his Committee during the last five years were quite encouraging, and they hoped to obtain better results in the future.

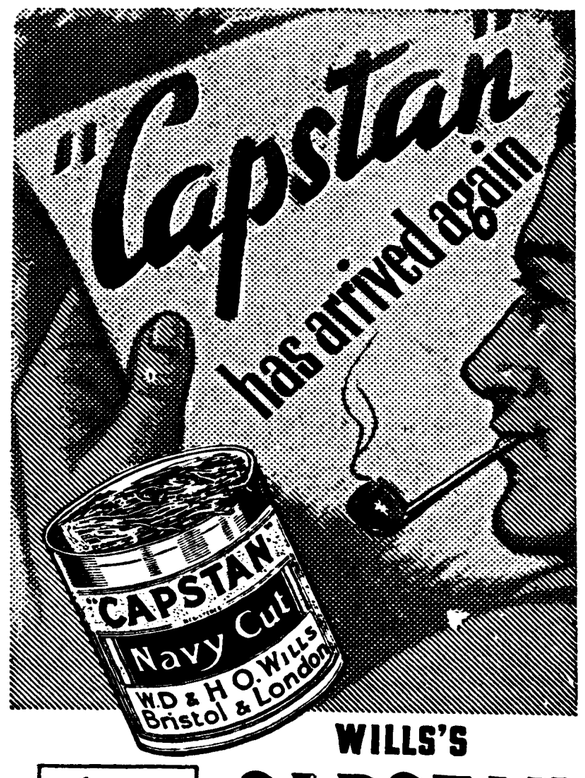
After referring to the historic background of the Committee which was appointed in 1939, Mr. Kher went on to point out that the Committee had always kept in view the fact that literacy was an essential step towards real adult education the object of which was "informed and effective citizenship." They did not restrict their work to imparting literacy, but also carried on post-literacy classes. On some occasions, they arranged talks by persons working in different walks of life, sometimes with the aid of the magic lantern. Excursions were arranged and social gatherings held with a view to give adults training in community life. Though they had started their work even before the Sargent Scheme was out, they had already incorporated in their plan some of the suggestions of the Sargent Scheme in regard to the adult education, such as the preparation of a large army of teachers, and the linking up of non-Government agencies like the Muicipality, Port-Trust, etc.

Mr. Kher further proceeded to survey the work done by his Committee during the last five years. Literacy classes usually lasting for about four months were opened in different parts of the city. Last year, they had 300 literacy classes and 100 post-literacy classes. During the last five years, about 67,000 adults had been made literate of which number 13,000 were women. The total expenditure for making them literate came to Rs.. 3,17,000 which worked out on average at Rs. 4-5-0 per head. To meet this expenditure, they had received Rs. 2,36,000 from the Government and Rs. 103,000 from non-Government sources. Last year, they made 13 000 adults literate, out of whom 3,000 were women. 60 peons from the Secretariat were made literate in 1940-4. 200 police constables were made literate under a special plan. 123 persons were made literate in the A.R.P. depot.

Eighteen literacy classes are being run at the emergency labour camps of the Bombay Municipality. In this way, 240 employees were made literate in 1943-44. Similarly comprehensive plans had been made for the Bombay Port Trust employees, mill workers, which were now giving satisfactory results.

*Low Current Consumption
* Nice Appearance
* Soothing Breeze
* High Efficiency

D.C. CEILING FAN
OF Ideal ELECTRIC PRODUCTS
WORKS-10/1, Chakrabere Rd. South
OFFICE-183/1, Dharamtolla Street
CALCUTTA



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CAPSTAN
NAVY CUT MEDIUM
TOBACCO

Rs. 2/12/-
per 4 oz. tin
plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force

Do not pay more

CAP—179

Tenants To Blame

Municipal Commissioner's Complaint

The dirty condition of some of the buildings in the city was the subject of discussion in the Municipal Corporation on Thursday, when Mr. I. S. Patel moved a resolution drawing the attention of the Commissioner to the increasing number of complaints of insanitary conditions of buildings in the city and to take measures to relieve tenants of danger to their health.

The Municipal Commissioner said it was not possible to improve sanitary condition of the buildings by a stroke of pen, as the idea of standard of living required a change. Some time ago, he visited a five storeyed building with an occupant who wanted him (Commissioner) to have a look at the asnitation of the building. He found a heap of refuse on the staircase, and asked the occupant as to why he did not persuade the tenants to live in a clean way. He replied that no one would bother to take his advice. In fact, there was no community outlook on any building, as far as sanitation was concerned. The Health Department Staff did their best to preserve good health of the city, but they should also remember that the population of the city had increased nearly cent per cent. Nearly 1,500 to 1,600 tons of refuse were removed every day against only 500 tons before the war.

The resolution was carried.

The House then passed the resolution of Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia seconded by Mr. K H. Goregaokar requesting the Commissioner to report as to the feasibility and advisability of having a full fledged legal department to carry on the municipal legal work of every description.

Prof. S. R. Davar supported the resolution, and said it would save considerable amount of money of the Municipality and also save time as well.

The resolution was carried.

The Corporation also passed the resolution of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta to examine the 15-year plan of the Government of Bombay in consultation with a Committee which he named.

Mr. Mehta said the Government wanted to spend Rs. 14 Crores on roads and only Rs. 4 crores on water supply although water supply, education and health were the primary objects for which large amount of money should be spent.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

U. N. R. R. A. AID TO INDIA

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.

Assistant Secretary of State and leader of the United States delegation to the U. N. R. R. A. Council Conference, Dean Acheson, has telegraphed Sirdar Singh, President of the India League of America, that the U. N. R. R. A., Council has approved a resolution introduced by the United States delegation under which areas affected by famine and disease and important to the military operations of the United Nations are included in the benefits available through U. N. R. R. A. India now is entitled to aid from the U. N. R. R. A.

'QUAKE SHOCK IN SINKING

BOMBAY, Sept. 28.—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity, with its epicentre about 1,345 miles away from Bombay, latitude 38 north longitude 81.4 east, probably in the Province of Sinkiang, China, was recorded by the seismographs at Colaba Observatory at 23.00 hours yesterday.—A. P.

This is total war

"Total War" the Germans said, as they plunged through peaceful countries, bombed Warsaw and Rotterdam, killed tens of thousands of defenceless civilians. But now it's our turn to show their militarists what that phrase really means. And the Japs, too. In Burma, they are getting something that they will never forget—the biggest beating on land that any Japanese Army has yet sustained. Total war means the mass effort of *everyone*—man and woman. There are no half measures. India's manhood has responded nobly. But now women are required to release men from office jobs. Upon *your* response to this important appeal depends not how, not where but WHEN we can win final victory.

GENERAL SERVICE W.A.C.(I)s are housed in comfortable hostels which are supervised by responsible women. FULL DETAILS of terms of service etc., may be obtained, without obligation, from the A.T.R.O.s/W.A.C.(I) who are themselves members of the W.A.C.(I) and have experience of life in the Corps. THEIR ADDRESSES ARE GIVEN BELOW:

LAHORE, 22, Davis Road.
RAWALPINDI, Gwyn Thomas Road.
LUCKNOW, c/o T.R.O. Eastern, Hazratganj.
CALCUTTA, c/o D.T.R.O., 28, Theatre Road.
MADRAS, 3/18, Mount Rd.
BOMBAY, A.F.I. Building. - Hospital Lane, Dhobi Talao.
POONA, Staunton Rd.
PATNA, c/o D.T.R.O., Exhibition Road.
BANGALORE Cantonment, Cubbon Road.

Or apply to your nearest W.A.C.(I) Platoon Commander.

Help India to *Quick* Victory
Join the Women's Auxiliary Corps (India)

WAC INDIA

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THE BEST FOR HANDLOOM INDUSTRY

Khatau fine-count yarns are spun from the best growths of Indian and Egyptian cotton, so thoroughly processed as to eliminate short fibres and to give uniform strength and thickness to every fibre before the regular spinning is begun. This gives added strength and silkiness to the finer counts, to stand up to the uneven stresses of hand-loom weaving and to produce a better cloth without special finishing.

Singles: grey, bleached and mercerised from 60s to 150s.

Doubles: grey, bleached and mercerised up to 2/150s.

The Weavers' First Choice

KHATAU SEWING-THREAD
four to six cord-bleached, dyed and mercerised.

THE KHATAU MAKANJI Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ltd., Byculla, Bombay.

KHATAU
FINE-COUNT COMBED Yarns

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Its Theme—

—SETS YOU THINKING!

Its Technique

—Sets You Gaping With Wonder!

RAJKAMAL'S

Social

Classic

Directed By

V. SHANTARAM

Written By DEWAN SHARAR

Starring VANMALA ULLHAS

Plans for one Month Open 10 to 12-30, 4-30 to 7 P. M.

Daily Matinee 1 P. M.
Other Shows: 4, 7, 10 P. M.

NOVELTY

4th Week!
See A Soul—Stirring Social Director Sadiq's Kardar Hit!

JEEWAN

MAJESTIC Daily 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Mat. at 1 P. M.

CITY LIGHT

B. B. Matunga

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P. M.
Sun. & Holidays 1 P. M.

From TODAY
BARUA'S

RANI

Starring
BARUA & JAMUNA

MATINEE
TODAY 1 P. M.
RAJKAMAL'S &
V. SHANTARAM'S

SHAKUNTALA

Starring: JAYASHREE

Daily: 4, 7, 10

Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 P. M.

55TH WEEK AT

SWASTIK

5TH GLORIOUS WEEK

ACHARYA ART'S
Magnificent Drama

AGE KADAM

Director: N. R. ACHARYA
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10-15.
Sat. & Sun. Mat. 1-45
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

TAJ

An "EVERGREEN" Release

2nd Week of Popularity

PARAKH

With

Kaushalya, Balwantsingh, Yakub and Shah Nawaz

NEW WEST END

Daily 4, 7 and 10
Booking 10 to 12 and 3 to 6.
A Minerva F. E. Release
THRU FAMOUS PICTURES

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre
Daily 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p.m.
Phone 22519

The picture with a million laughs!
Rollicking! Gay! Streamlined!

JACK BENNY

Radio & Screen's top-notch Comedian

in 20th Century-Fox's

"CHARLEY'S AUNT"

with
Kay FRANCIS, Laird CREGAR
James ELLISON, Anne BAXTER
and a big cast.

Also— LATEST WAR NEWS

Sunday Morning at 10 a. m.
Charles BOYER, Rita HAYWORTH and Charles LAUGHTON, IN

"TALES OF MANHATTAN"

IT HAS APPEALED TO CLASSES and MASSES - -

PRAKASH'S
MERRY MUSICAL

KAVITA

7TH GREAT WEEK

★

CAPITOL

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45
Sun.: Matinee 1 p.m.

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

ALL-COLOURED HINDI COPY
PRAKASH'S

RAM RAJYA

Director: VIJAY BHATT

★

Daily: 3-30 & 6-30 (Hindi) 9-45 (Marathi)
Fri., Sat. Sun: Extra Hindi Show 12-30
Sun: Mor. Show 9-30 a.m.

SUPER

An "EVERGREEN" Release

A POSER for Parents!

Should you give

Compulsory Education

to Your CHILDREN?

See the

Sensational Answer

In

MAZHAR ART Productions'

BARI BAAT

SUVARNALATA, ULLHAS, YAKUB, MAZHARKHAN & a new find SAGUNA

Produced & Directed By MAZHARKHAN

An Evergreen Release

***FRI. 6th Oct. at* CAPITOL**

Grand Gala

NATIONAL PREMIERE

Tomorrow (Sat. 30) at 1 p.m.

INDIA'S ACE-DIRECTOR.—

NITIN BOSE

—whose pictures have made Glorious Film-History in the past, now presents one of the MOST UNUSUAL LOVE STORIES OF

TWO YOUNG HEARTS TORN ASUNDER BY FATE!

IN

'MUJRIM'

—otherwise—

"THE ONE I LOVED!"

You'll Hear the TUNEFUL Music presented by— JNAN GOSH

From Saturday 30th, Sept. at—

ROXY

—A SURESH RELEASE—

Starring:—

Glamorously Lovable
LEELA DESAI,

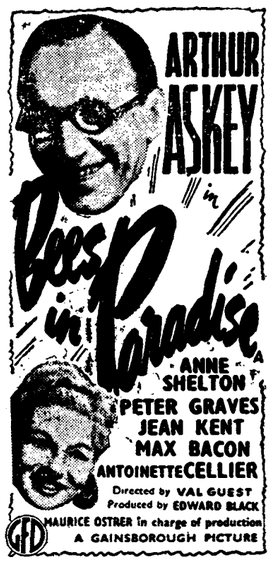
Debonair
MOTILAL,

Yakoob, Jagdish, Veenakumari, S. Nazir and Sunalini Devi.

★

Daily:— 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays Matinee at 1 p.m.

Advance Booking:—
9-30 a.m. to 12
3-30 p.m. to 6 p.m.



EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P. M.

FAMOUS RELEASE

DASSI

7TH WEEK

MINERVA

A Grand Story By DALSUKH PANCHOLI

Daily: 4, 7 & 10

Sat., Sun., Holidays Matinees at 1-0

PRABHAT'S

RAMSHASTRI

14TH WEEK

AT

CENTRAL

Daily: 4 & 10 Hindi 7 Marathi

Marathi Matinee at 1-0

On Fri., Sat., Sun., Holidays

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Shud 12, 2000.
Muslim: Savval 10, 1363.
Parsi: Farvardin 26, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-29, a.m. Sunset: 7-29 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Dhargalkar, Dental Surgeon, thanks his patients, friends and relatives for their great concern in his recent illness. His grateful thanks are also due to Drs. Thakar, Tirodkar, Vakil, Moos, Velinker and Dr. Moolgaokar and his staff for every help.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN. Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: Informal meeting of members to-day, at 6 p.m., at Wilson College.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SOCIETY OF INDIA: Special General Meeting at 195, Hornby Road, at 6-30 p.m.

PUBLIC LECTURE: Dr. B. C. Ghosh will speak on "Health of Mind and Body", at Nagpada Neighbourhood House, at 6-30 p.m., to-day, when Dr. K. R. Masani will preside.

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION: Mr. Nagindas T. Master, the Mayor of Bombay, will attend a conversational meeting of the Commerce Graduates' Association and take part in a discussion on "Gandhism in relation to Economic Structure of Society and Post-War Planning" to-day, at 6-30 p.m., in the Association Rooms, Wadia Building Dalal Street, Fort. Mr. Panlal Devkaran Nanjee, will preside.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillor of Ward No. 11 (Mazagaon Tarwadi) will meet near the Victoria Road overbridge (West side) on Saturday, at 6-51 a.m. (B. T.), 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) to go round the Ward.

LAXMI NARAYAN TEMPLE: The 58th anniversary of Sheth Goculdas Tejpal Shree Laxmi Narayan Temple at Gowalia Tank will be celebrated from to-day, to Friday, 6th October, during which period Maha Puja of the Deities will be performed.

BHAGINI SAMAJ CLUB: Under the auspices of the Bhagini Samaj Club, a gathering has been arranged at 5 p.m today in the Club premises Simla House, Mathew Road, when prizes will be given, to the winners of the Bridge and Rummy, tournaments, Cinema slides on interesting topics will also be shown

GANDHI-JAYANTI AT KHAR: Rashtra Seva Dal Camp fire programme-mass spinning from 9 p.m to 10-15 p.m to-day at Laxminagar Hall.

LABOUR DAY: At New Kamathi Chawl, De Lisle Road, Labour Day will be observed at 7-0 p.m.

MARATHI TRAINING COLLEGE: Inauguration of Education Week by Mr. B. G. Kher at 4 p.m today.

SARASWATI SANGEET VIDYALAYA: The 30th anniversary celebration of the Saraswati Sangeet Vidyalaya and the prize distribution ceremony which were to be held on 30th Sept. 1944 and 1st Oct.. 1944 have been postponed. The issue of free permits to the public has therefore been stopped.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE. Monthly concert of the Circle at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road Tram Terminus, tomorrow (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. when Bai Roshanara Begum will sing classical music.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

(FRIDAY, Sept. 29.)
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. Master Ebrahim. 8-5 News (H.). 8-15 News (E.). 8-30 Kausalya Manjeshwar. 8-50 News (M.). 9-0 News (G.). 9-10 Tomorrow. 9-15 Gulab Bai. 9-30 Geet. 9-45 AIR Trio.

12-30 p.m Marathi Songs. 12-45 News (M.). 12-50 News (G.). 12-55 News (E.). 1-0 Popular Songs 1-30 News (E.). 1-40 Music. 4-30 School Broadcast. 5-0 S. N. Bailur. 5-20 M. Sagheer Asif. 5-35 Khayals. 5-55 Local Announcements. 6-0 Aunty Hilda. 6-30 News (E.). 6-40 News (H.). 6-45 News Commentary (G.). 6-50 Bhajans. 7-0 Uddhotar Shikshana (M.). 7-15 S. N. Bailur. 7-30 Kanada Songs. 7-45 Music from Film. 8-0 Gulab Bai. 8-15 In News. 8-20 Music. 8-25 News (M.). 8-35 News (G.). 8-45 Uddhottar Shikshana. 9-0 News (H.). 9-20 News (E.). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 World Affairs. (B. B. C.). 10-0 M. Sagheer Asif. 10-15 Gulab Bai. 10-30 Kausalya Manjeshwar.

Rovers Cup

SOUTH INDIANS BEAT YOUNG GOANS BY 3—2

In the second round of the Rovers Cup Football Tournament, the South Indians defeated the Young Goans by the odd goal in five at the Cooperage on Thursday.

The South Indians held the upper hand in the initial period and scored three goals before the interval. Raymond, their centre-forward, opened their account which was augmented by Vajravelu the right winger. Raymond scored again to make up the tally.

The Goans crossed over with their score-sheet blank, although they had tried hard to reduce the margin. However they persisted in the latter period and succeeded. Caesar D'Souza heading in a lovely goal from a flag-kick. The South Indians might have increased their score to a more respectable figure if their shooting was more accurate and powerful. A little before the end Gama showed excellent opportunism in notching the second goal for the Goans which he did from a rebound from the cross-piece. With the improved from the South Indians have now shown, they may do in the next round.

RESULT

South Indians ..... 3 goals
Young Goans ..... 2 goals

THE TEAMS:

South Indians: Jagadish: Alexander and Ramoo; M Balan, C. P. Balan and Jayaram; Vajravelu, Ramchander, Raymond Sanpunga and Karunadar.

Young Goans: Albuquerque; F. Dias and C. D'Souza; D. Ferns C. Pinto and S. Lobo: Gama, W. D'Souza, R. Almeida, J. D'Souza and M. D'Souza.

TODAY'S MATCH

6-10 p. m. I.B.G.H. vs Muslim S.C.

DEATH OF "HOT GOSPELLER"

OAKLAND (California) Sept. 27: Aimee Semple Mcpherson, "The Hot Gospeller" died to-day. She was reported to be seriously ill from a tropical disease in May this year. Her real name was Kennedy and she was born near Ingersoll, Ontario.—Reuter.

Barry Fitzgerald and Bing Crosby in "Going My Way"

"UNCERTAIN GLORY" AT NEW EMPIRE

A South Atlantic island inhabited by beautiful women and ruled over by a Queen who runs her kingdom on beehive lines with a few men still permitted to live kept corralled and made to work like drones is the original setting for "Bees in Paradise", the latest musical comedy brought by that inimitable king of entertainment, Arthur Askey.

IRVING BERLIN'S "THIS IS THE ARMY."

The motion picture version of the all-soldier musical, Irving Berlin's "This is the Army", produced by Warner Bros. for Army Emergency Relief, will start on Friday at the Metro.

"GOING MY WAY" AT THE REGAL.

"Going My Way" is a human story of a clash between two parish pastors the older conforming to orthodox ideas and the other a modern young reformer. The younger eventually "converts" the elder, and they become the fastest of friends, but before they do so the screen is graced with a tender yet virile mixture of good humour, humanity, romance and sentiment; and melodious music pervades the whole show.

"CHARLEY'S AUNT" AT EROS.

One of the best comedies seen this year is "Charley's Aunt" starring that radio and screen's top-notch laugh-king Jack Benny. And it is being revived at the Eros this week by popular demand. This Brandon Thomas' immortal comedy had an unprecedented stage success before it was transformed to the screen and the screen translation is all the more funny because of brilliant performances by a note-worthy cast, and expert direction by Archie Mayo.

"STORMY WEATHER" AT THE PALACE

Something new in film musicals will be seen this week at the Palace in "Stormy Weather." Starring Lena Horne, Bill Robinson and Cab Calloway, the film is a cavalcade of rhythm. It is filled with some of the most sensational dancing and production numbers ever filmed.

AT THE AURORA

Paramount's miracle of merriment that will rock you with laughter, "The Miracle of Morgan's Creek", starring Betty Huton and Eddie Bracken will be shown at the Aurora this week.

Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations At Khar

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Sept. 28.

The residents of Khar have been celebrating Gandhi Jayanti since Tuesday with prayers, flag-salutation and mass-spinning the latter programme being a daily feature. On Tuesday evening a debate in Hindusthani was organized and the subject chosen was "The Demand of Pakistan should be conceded". On Wednesday Harijan quarters and surrounding villages were visited by workers to explain sanitation principles. Sale of National flags by students took place on Wednesday evening.

Khadi and village industries exhibition will be opened on 30th September, Saturday, in Laxminagar Hall at 7 p.m.

Capt. Ramsay Released

LONDON, Sept. 27.

Captain Ramsay, the Member of Parliament who was released from internment yesterday took his seat when the House of Commons met to-day.—Reuter.

Rationing in Peshawar is expected to start from October 22. This was revealed to a Press Conference by Mr. T. A. F. Noble, I.C.S., Controller of Rationing, Peshawar.

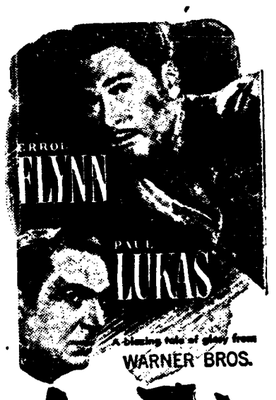
9th Week
See Kardar's Breeziest Comedy!

SANJOG

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun at 1-30 p. m.

2nd Week!



NEW EMPIRE

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P. M.

MENTMORE FOUNTAIN PENS

"The pen with the hand-made nib"

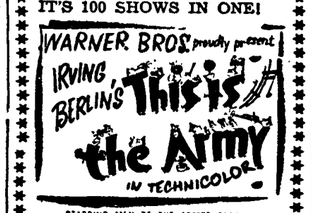
★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE

M-E-T-R-O

Esplanade Rd. Tel. No. 31045
Daily at 3-00, 6-15, & 9-30 p.m.

IT'S 100 SHOWS IN ONE!



STARRING MEN OF THE ARMED FORCES
GEORGE MURPHY · JOAN LESLIE · Lt RONALD REAGAN
GEORGE TOBIAS ALAN HALE CHARLES BUTTERWORTH KATE SMITH
Directed by MICHAEL CURTIZ

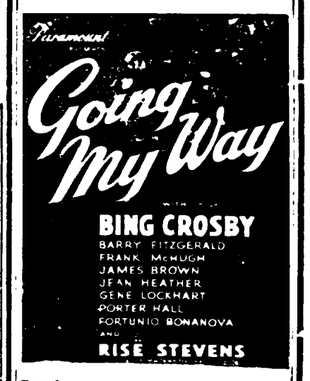
SUNDAY MORNING!
AT 10 A. M.
MICKEY ROONEY
FRANK MORGAN
in "THE HUMAN COMEDY"
an M. G. M. production

IMPORTANT NOTICE!
Owing to the great demand for seats the management earnestly request those of our patrons who wish to reserve seats by telephone to take advantage of the special arrangements which have now been made and to make their reservations between the hours of 12 noon and 4 p.m.

★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★★

REGAL Phone 35017.

At 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.



Sunday. 10-30 a.m.
"THE FLEET'S IN"
Dorothy Lamour, Eddie Bracken, Betty Hutton.

CAPITOL Sunday, 10 a.m.
"BEN HUR"
Ramon Navarro, May McAvoy.

Plans open: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
3rd WEEK of 'Prafull's—' Houses

KRISHNA Daily 4, 7, & 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Mat 1 p.m.

Bombay Daily Enjoys the 111%
Delicious Comedy—Hit!

GAJABHAU

PRAFULLA Picture

Produced & Directed by VINAYAK

RANJIT'S

SHAHENSHAH

Babar

KHURSHID
SHEIKH MUKHTAR
SUSHIL KUMAR

Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. Matinee 1-30
Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30.
Free List Suspended

AJIT RELEASE

REWARD Rs. 5000 END GREY HAIR

De LUX HAIR OIL No. 501 is a natural vitamin food for hair, possessing the qualities of curing baldness, short hair, brain weakness, headache and sleeplessness. It restores grey hairs to their natural black colour permanently from the roots. Price Rs. 3|- per phial. Three phials (Full Course) Postage Free. A cash reward of Rs. 5,000|- would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order to-day lest it is too late.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE P. B. 61 (B. C. B.) LAHORE

Fame...
THROUGH DISTINGUISHED SERVICE
Some studs of Krementz Quality rolled gold plate have been worn for as long as thirty-five years.
All Krementz jewelry will give corresponding satisfaction.
Krementz cuff links remain bright because of their surface of hard rolled 14 KT. gold.
Krementz
FINE QUALITY JEWELRY
FOR MEN: Evening Jewelry • Collar Pins • Tie Holders • Cuff Links
FOR LADIES: Bracelets • Saree Pins • Earrings • Brooches

"THEY WERE THERE"

HE WENT FORWARD ALONE

Against the background of the horrors of war, we see the finest that human character has to show.

Sepoy Taj Mohd., a Jat Muslim of Tosam village, Hissar District, gave his life for his comrades. In a "blitz and bayonet" attack on an enemy strong point in Burma his platoon suffered heavy casualties from enemy machine-gun and mortar fire. 25 yards from the objective he found himself left with only the platoon commander and one other sepoy. Though severely wounded in the thigh and face, Taj Mohd. leapt forward into an enemy trench, bayoneting and shouting his war cry: "Bolo nara Haideri 'Ya Ali'." Seeing another gun position open fire on his platoon, he went forward alone straight into the enemy. It was in this attack that he was killed, but not before the enemy had retired. Sepoy Taj Mohd. was posthumously awarded the I. O. M. He belonged to the 7th Rajput Regiment.

The honour of dying for one's comrades comes to very few, but those who have associated with such men feel that they have gained much. Your Recruiting Officer will tell you how you can join the Indian Army.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 28.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at nine hours L. M. T. on 25-9-44.

Allahabad 85 76 0; BOMBAY 88 74 0.5; Calcutta 93 80 0; Cawnpore 87 73 T; Cuttack 91 80 0; Darjeeling 64 55 0; Delhi 97 71 0; Dehra Dun 65 0; Jacobabad 94 77 0; Karachi 93 80 0; Lahore 97 70 0; Lucknow 93 72 T; Madras 97 80 0; Nagpur 87 72 0; Patna 87 80 0; Peshawar 89 67 0; Shillong 75 61 0; Simla 0 0 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Affection never was wasted; if it enrich not the heart of another, its waters, returning back to their springs, like the rain, shall fill them full of refreshment.

—H. W. Longfellow.

The Bombay Chronicle

WHAT NEXT?

The failure of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks has naturally disappointed Hindus and Muslims alike but the disappointment itself is an indication of a strong desire for an early settlement which must, therefore, continue to be pursued with tireless efforts. In the winning of national freedom or in expediting it through national unity temporary failures are not unusual; but, as Mr. Jinnah himself observes, his parting with Gandhiji "is not the final end of our effort." Moreover, the last negotiations cannot go in vain, though for some time their failure may cause some bitterness and misunderstanding. They throw some useful light on the Lahore resolution of 1940, friendly talks on which had long been delayed. The ice is now broken, the resolution is being discussed and interpreted more or less dispassionately, and it should be easier for the public to see how far the Rajaji formula or its variation by Gandhiji meets it or improves upon it. In short, for the first time since the resolution was published four years ago it is being constructively considered by both the parties concerned. That the parties are now nearer with regard to the recsolution is undeniable, though some feel they are not near enough and others fear they are too near to suit other interests in the country. In the light of the discussions of the last few days it should be less difficult for those concerned to devise a workable settlement at an early date.

In doing so it is best to fix attention on only essential issues, without diverting it to non-essential ones, the discussion of which only tends to confuse the former and increase friction. The essential issues are the nature or extent of separation; and if a settlement is possible about these finally, it does not matter much whether or not it is based on a two-nation tnsory, or resolutions like that of August 1942, or that of Mr. Jagatnarayan are previously modified. When your main conclusion is accepted corollaries follow and it is unnecessary to accept your arguments also; this, unfortunately, Mr. Jinnah has failed to realize. From this point of view the essential issues or those about which controversy is mainly carried on are (1) which areas should go into Pakistan, (2) whether in the Muslim areas there should be a plebiscite and non-Muslims there should have part in it and (3) and what should be the relations between Pakistan and Hindustan with regard to common interests like Defence affecting the country as a whole. On the first point the Lahore resolution itself says that "geographically contiguous units are demarcated into regions which should be so constituted with such territorial adjustments as may be necessary" and that "the areas in which the Muslims are nummerically in a majority, as in the North-Western and Eastern Zones of India should be grouped to constitute independent States in which the constituent units shall be autonomous and sovereign". This claim is conceded by the Rajaji formula, which says that "a Commission shall be appointed for demarcating" contiguous districts in the north-west and east of India, wherein the Muslim population is in absolute majority" and that if after a plebiscite "the majority decide in favour of forming a sovereign state separate from Hindustan, such decision shall be given effect to", subject to conditions about common interests. In somewhat similar terms the League's claim is conceded by Gandhiji's own formula. As regards the second point about plebiscite, it is true that the Lahore resolution does not mention it. But surely when a revolutionary change is contemplated those affected by it should at least have a voice in the matter though the decision must necessarily lie with the majority. This is elementary justice and fairness and the very essence of democracy.

Not less important is the third point namely, the relations between Pakistan and Hindustan about matters of common interest like defence, commerce, communications etc. It cannot be denied that on this point there is material difference between the Lahore resolution and the formulas by Rajaji and Gandhiji. The Lahore resoution does not contemplate any compulsory machinery for common defence etc. Mr. Jinnah declares that "there cannot be defence and similar matters of common concern' when it is accepted that Pakistan and Hindustan will be two separate independent sovereign states." He adds, however: "The matter of security of the two States and the natural and mutual obligations that may arise out of physical contiguity will be for the Constitution-making body of Pakistan and that of Hindustan, or other party concerned, to deal with, on the footing of their being two independent States." On the other hand both Rajaji and Gandhiji insist, we think rightly, that if separation is decided upon there "shall be" a Treaty of Separation which "should also provide for the efficient and satisfactory administration of foreign affairs, defence, internal communications, customs, commerce and the like, which must necessarily continue to be matters of common interest between the contracting parties." We cannot discuss the pros and cons of the two views here. But we cannot help remarking that those who wish well of India as a whole will unhesitatingly declare for joint control of defence and other essential purposes of common interest, it being understood that in the joint control the interests of the minorities should be amply safeguarded. However, our main point at present is that those who wish to contribute to the solution of the communal problem will do well to offer constructive suggestions on the main issues like those we have indicated above. This is particularly the duty of those who feel that the Muslim League should not heedlessly throw away an invaluable opportunity provided by Gandhiji for the fulfilment of all its reasonable demands. At the Press Conference on Thursday Gandhiji expressed a hope that he would soon resume his unity talks and urged the Press and the public in general to do all they could to hasten that date. We trust he will get all the support he needs to carry on his negotiations to a successful end.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Albanian Landing

A few days ago we wondered if it was not for the Mediterranean Command to carry out an invasion across the Adriatic and get into the way of German troops retreating from Greece in order to liquidate them. Something in this connection, it is now revealed, is already being done. Troops have been landed in Albania and the Dalmatian islands, the process having started about a fortnight ago. And it is claimed that they are already harrassing the German line of retreat and have practically cut at least the coastal route. That obviously is an inadequate substitute for what should be done. The situation of the retreating Germans opens the prospect of finishing them off. But it needs a major operation.

Gallant Adventure

The announcement by SHAEF of the withdrawal from Arnhem marks the end of a gallant adventure. Some eight thousand or more airborne troops and reinforcements were involved in an epic fight which lasted for eight or nine days. The fact that only about two thousand could be evacuated represents the magnitude of the struggle that they put up and the superb courage and endurance with which they did so. Encircled, pressed by an enemy superior in number and equipment, and deprived of possibilities of relief they stood up against a hopeless situation fighting day and not towards the end with small arm against a far superior enemy using every modern mechanism of war, artillery, mortars and tanks. It was an almost incredible feat.

"Splendid Failure"

The prize they were after was a glittering one, no less significant than the turning of the whole Siegfried Line and opening the road to Berlin. Their job was to capture and hold the bridge over the Lek north of Nijmegen. They did carry it out. But the British drive was checked at Nijmegen. The northward dash of the Second Army was stopped. And eventually the isolated troops had to withdraw. If the drive had not stopped the Allies would to-day be racing straight towards Berlin. The failure of the move is disappointing. Not only has the Siegfried Line not been turned as quickly as was hoped for, the 100,000 Germans who were nearly trapped in West Holland have now the opportunity of escaping, and they are reported to be trying to take it. But for the airbone troops of Arnhem it has been a "splendid failure", a battle grandly fought even if it has been lost.

Labour Sympathy

We cannot doubt the "profound admiration" felt by the Conference of the Labour Parties of the British Commonwealth "for the contribution made by India to the victory over aggressors in this war." Nor can we doubt the sincerity of the Conference in affirming "the right of India to full self-government." But resolutions like these tend to be merely conventional unless those who adopt them recognise their obligation to do something to get them respected by the British Government. We can quite appreciate "the hope that a free India will decide to remain a partner in the British Commonwealth." But the unrestrained regime of repression of the last many years is ill calculated to induce that feeling among Indians.

Mr. H. V. R. Ienger

Mr. H. V. R. Ienger, until two weeks ago, Secretary, Home Department, Government of Bombay, will this week join the Planning and Development Department of the Government of India as its Joint Secretary. The gain of the Government of India will be the loss of the Government of Bombay. For Mr. Ienger is one of the ablest civilians in the country and has worked with remarkable success in the various posts he has held so far. As Secretary of the Home Department of the Government, he was able to a considerable extent, to place the Indian point of view in regard to political questions before the Governor, all of whose Advisers are non-Indians. We wonder why an Indian civilian was not selected to succeed Mr. Ienger as Home Secretary.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A word to the unwise is superfluous.

*

The man who knows that he is in the right need not argue.

*

A woman considers any man nice-looking who says she is good-looking

*

It is permissible to blow your own horn if you are a member of a brass band.

*

There are moments in every man's life when he imagines that he is on the verge of insanity.

*

Every man hugs the delusion that sooner or later he will invent something that will make him rich.

Diwali Holidays

The Hon. Secretary of the Reserve Bank of India Employees' Association has addressed a letter to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Political and Services Department, drawing attention to the list of holidays during the year 1944 declared under the Negotiable Instruments Act. He writes:—"Mark-Chaturdashi and Laxmi-Pujan, the first day of Diwali has been left out of the list presumably through overnight. As this is one of the most important days for the Hindus, I shall be grateful if you will be pleased to arrange for the declaration of the 16th October as a public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act.

Hailey Suggests Non-Party Inquiry

British And U. S. Opinion On Failure Of Unity Talks

LONDON, Sept. 27

Profound regret was expressed this afternoon by well-known sympathisers with India and Britain and America at the news that the Gandhi-Jinnah talks had broken down; but there is a general hope that a way would still be found out of the difficult situation.

The Secretary of the India League, Mr. Krishna Menon said: "While it is impossible to form an opinion on the scanty information available, there is little doubt that there is no finality about the present situation, and leaders will undoubtedly find a way out."

Doctor Maud Royden said, "Like many people in this country I heard the news that the talks had broken down with consternation and keen disappointment. It is impossible not to hope that they may be resumed because in spite of the fact that Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah do not represent the whole of India, yet they undoubtedly represent the two greatest sections of the Indian people. Had they been able to reach an agreement, it would have given an impetus to the other agreement. Is it too much to hope that the Viceroy may see his way now to take a hand?"

The Political commentator, Mr. H. N. Brailsford stated, "everybody regrets that the talks have failed, but until I know more as to the reason, I do not think I could give an opinion on the matter."

The well-known Labour M.P., Mr. Pethick Lawrence said, "I feel sure I am voicing the sentiments of many people in this country in expressing regret at the news that the two distinguished statesmen of India have not found it possible so far to reach an agreement."

U. S. OPINION

Miss Pearl Buck interviewed in New York said: "If it is true that the conversations between Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah are broken off, I consider it a tragedy not only for India and England, but for all the United Nations, who would find a new hope if India had now a definite prospect of freedom, but my hope is always in the people of the country, rather than in individuals."

Sardar J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America said, "not knowing the details as to what caused the breakdown, it is hard for me to comment. However, the Indian community in the United States and American friends of India are bound to be disappointed. We had all hoped that the talks would bring about an agreement which could have led to a resolution of the political deadlock."

None of the London newspapers this morning prints a leader on the failure of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks. The "News Chronicle's" special correspondent in Bombay, Stuart Gelder, says, "I learn on most reliable authority that throughout the talks Mr. Jinnah has not made one concrete suggestion by way of compromise."

He adds, "Mr. Jinnah has not defined except in terms of wholesale amputation of vast tracts of India without regard to the composition of the populations or the wishes of the inhabitants."

The following views were expressed in London to-night regarding the failure of Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah to reach an agreement on the question of Pakistan.

Lord Strabolgi: 'It is most unfortunate but this must not discourage us in finding other means of settlement. The initiative must now come from the British Government which should send somebody like Sir Strafford Cripps out to India again. We must keep on trying.

After all Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah are only two men. There is the great dominion of India and all its teeming millions to consider and we must try again."

On behalf of the Committee of Indian Congressmen, P. B. Seal, Amiya Bose and Akbar Khan stated, "We are disappointed that Mr. Gandhi has not succeeded in his mission to Mr. Jinnah.

Nevertheless, we are confident that the question of Indian independence which is on the horizon cannot be shelved simply because the leader of a section of Muslims is putting forward claims which are inconsistent with the principles and practice of democracy.

Mr. Reginald Sorensen, Member of Parliament, said, "I am extremely disappointed. I had hoped that prolonging the conversations for such a long time meant that they would have come to a point of convergence. I can only hope there are greater forces at work towards an agreement."

MUSLIMS WANT UNITED INDIA

The Chairman of the Indian National Muslim Committee, Mr. Amir Shah, said, "We have indeed prayed for an amicable outcome of the talks which have overshadowed the Indian political stage.

It must not however, be forgotten that we Muslims—and we venture to speak for 95 per cent of the Muslims in Great Britain—are unalterably opposed to Pakistan for we want a United India and not a divided one."

LORD HAILEY SUGGESTS NON-PARTY INQUIRY

Lord Hailey said: "There were many of us who feared from the first that the lines on which Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Gandhi were approaching this question were not likely to produce fruitful results.

Nevertheless we must all deplore anything which may be seen to defer the attainment of any accommodation between the two great sections of Indian political thought.

The fact that the present conversations have broken down seems to strengthen the case which many have urged in the past for any objective and non-party inquiry to be undertaken in India itself and at the instance of Indian leaders into the methods which have been adopted in the constitutions of other countries to meet the situation in which the interests of large minority sections of the population are concerned."

Wardlaw-Milne Appreciates Difficulty

Sir John Wardlaw Milne said, "One very much regrets that the conversations have failed but realises the difficulty of a problem in which there are such fundamental differences between the two points of view.

In speaking without knowing the details of the conversations one can only hope that it is possible for the negotiations to be resumed and ultimately to achieve a satisfactory settlement".

Amery Mum On Breakdown Of Talks

LONDON, Sept. 28: Mr. Amery declined in the Commons to-day to say anything about the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah discussions until the situation was clearer.

He was replying to Mr. Reginald Sorensen (Labour) who asked: "What communications are awaiting the political issues arising from the Gandhi-Jinnah discussions had been already conveyed by the Indian leaders to the Viceroy and whether the Viceroy and Governor-General will take steps to confer with them at the termination of their discussions."

Mr. Amery in a written reply said: "I am not aware any communication as at present been addressed by either leader to the Viceroy in connection with the discussions. Members will have seen the report in to-day's press that the conversation has broken down. In the circumstances I would prefer to say nothing more until the situation is cleared."—Reuter.

"Mahatma Must Free Himself From Pakistan Obsession"

LIBERAL LEADERS ON FAILURE OF GANDHI-JINNAH TALKS

MADRAS, Sept. 28.

The Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, commenting on the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks says:—

True Satyagrahis will not admit defeat, but they are few. The rest of us cannot help being depressed by the breakdown. The British Tories alone have cause to rejoice. Does the breakdown restore the status quo ante? Is the Gandhi-C. R. Formula killed once for all? I would fain hope it was. But supposing negotiations are to be resumed will the Congress be free to disown it utterly? I have misgivings. Unless the rank and file, who are now dumb, compel the high command to recognise the weight of public opinion, we shall only plough the sands again.

Gandhiji must free himself from the Pakistan obsession, if his future services to the motherland are to maintain the qualities of wisdom and foresight. Is it open to Mr. Jinnah to make a demand and say to India and to the world "grant this or I will stop anything and everything."

VICIOUS CIRCLE MUST GO

BOMBAY, September 28: Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, in the course of a joint statement say:—

"Although we are as keen as Gandhi and Mr. Rajagopalachari for solving the communal problem and to achieve the freedom of India from foreign domination, we do not regret the breakdown of the negotiations between Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah; for the negotiations were based on the acceptance by Gandhi of the vicious principle of the partition of India into Hindustan and Pakistan.

Let the Muslims and other substantial minorities be re-assured by the establishment of coalition ministries both in the Centre and in the provinces; and by the provision of statutory safeguards for their special interests. But we should never agree to divide India into separate sovereign states, which must mean ruination to India, and would be harmful to the Muslims themselves.

VIVISECTION PLAN BURIED

NEW DELHI, Sept. 28: "I am glad that the failure of the long drawn out negotiations between Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah has at last been announced and the proposal for the vivisection of India has been buried —I hope—for ever," says Dr. N. B. Khare, in a statement to the Associated Press.

It is evident he says, that Pakistan as envisaged in the 1940 resolution of the Muslim League at Lahore cannot be obtained by negotiations. If at all, it can be carved out it is only by the use of the sword. I hope that this failure will encourage all thinking and reasonable people and communities to lessen their insistance on self-interest; to unite for the welfare and freedom of India; and to give up all "stans", schemes and schisms."

SUBBAROYAN'S HOPES

MADRAS, Sept. 28: "I am sorry the negotiations have ended and there has been no settlement", said Dr. P. Subbaroyan, ex-Minister, interviewed by the United Press on the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks.

"I hope", he continued, "the public would respond to the appeal of Mr. Jinnah not to feel embittered and to have hope as he has himself told us that this is not the final end of efforts. I am hoping that a new method of 'rapprochement' between the two leaders will soon be found.—United Press.

HOW 'DELHI CIRCLES' VIEW IT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 29.

Official quarters generally express extreme regret at the breakdown of the Bombay talks, but point out that the published corespondence shows that the attempt on either side was not so much to negotiate, as to argue and try to get the other side to accept one's own point of view. Official quarters repudiate the allegation that the Government was interested in or made any attempt at pulling strings, in order to prevent the success of the talks.—A. P.

Allama "More Hopeful Of Early Settlement"

LAHORE, Sept. 28.

Allama Mashriqi the Khaksar leader in a statement on the failure of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks says:—

"I do not see any failure when both leaders have been in conference for nearly three weeks and departed. The real difficulty is that neither Mahatma Gandhi nor Mr. Jinnah wishes to get out of the rut of dead theoretical politics, created round them by long years of cries for independence, on to the smooth road of living practical politics leading to immediate freedom. I must admit however, that Qaid-e-Azam has realised this difficulty considerably more than Mr. Gandhi and that is what makes me more hopeful of an early settlement. Our next step can only be to go on striving and I have now resolved to meet Mahatma Gandhi at the earliest opportunity available to me.

The Allama asks all Khaksars who had gone to Bombay to return quietly to their homes.—A. P.

HARIJAN DEPUTATION WAITS ON GANDHIJI

A deputation of the All-India Harijan League, Delhi, consisting of Mr. Mohanlal Yatri President, Bhagat Amichand, General Secretary, and Mr. Gayan Indra, Working President, Punjab Provincial Harijan League, met the Mahatma Gandhi on 26th September at Birla House. Before seeing Gandhiji the deputation met Mr. Rajagopalacharya.

The deputation told Gandhiji that the League had always been opposed to the segregation of the Harijans in the manner suggested by Dr. Ambedkar, and that since 1930 the League had been opposing the separate electorate.

The deputation also stated that "all the Harijans of India abide by the Poona Pact." Still the injustices of untouchability are being perpetrated by the Hindus.

Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have said that it was true that untouchability had not gone from the Hindus. If the Congress Ministries had stayed in power, they would have seen to the uplift of the Harijans.

Gandhiji added that if he did not become the guest of the Government, the deputation might come to Wardha as his guests.

PT. NEHRU'S HEALTH

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 28.

Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit has received the following telegram from the Home Secretary, Bombay Government, in response to her inquiry about Jawaharlal Nehru's health:

"Pandit Nehru was recently suffering from ordinary cold."—United Press.

Allied Planes Over Java

Batavia Strafed

Allied Headquarters in South-west Pacific, Sept. 28.

Allied planes have strafed Batavia on the island of Java, said General MacArthur's Communique. Two 1,000 ton freighters and another of 3,000 tons have been sunk off Celebes. Five barges have been set on fire in Davao Gulf. 51 tons of bombs were dropped on Ceram.

U. S. Forces Capture Peleliu

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28: Admiral Nimitz, Commander-in-Chief of the Pacific announced today, that U. S. forces have gained complete control of Peleliu with the exception of a small pocket on Umurbrogul mountain, and another pocket on the north-eastern tip of the island. Marines are attacking the northern sector, while the army is aiming rapid progress in the centre. In the meantime the count of Japanese dead has reached 8,537.

Japanese Shipping Losses

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28: The United States Fourteenth Airforce has sunk 10,83,880 tons of Japanese shipping since March 10, 1943, said an official announcement to-day. A large part of this total has been accounted for by twenty-fours in sea sweeps against Japanese shipping in Formosa straits, and along the south-east and South China coast.

Jap Vessels Sunk

LONDON, Sept. 28: British submarines during recent patrols destroyed 32 Japanese vessels ranging from medium size supply ships to small coastal craft, says an Admiralty Communique today.—Reuter.

Japanese Rearguard Activities

KANDY, Sept. 28.

Today's SEAC Communique says "Japanese rearguards, holding positions sixteen miles north along the road from Tiddim, are resisting advance on the village by the Fifth Indian division. Principal air activity was on the Salween front, where American aircraft attacked targets at Wanling on the Burma-China border and at Mangshih in China".—A. P.

WILLKIE CHAMPIONS NEGROES

NEW YORK, Sept. 27: Mr. Wendell Willkie in an article published in "Collier's Magazine" today pleads for equal rights for Negroes in the United States.

He writes: "The equitable treatment of racial minorities in America is the basis for a just and lasting peace, for it cannot be too much emphasized in the world today that whatever we do at home affects our foreign policy, and whatever we do abroad affects our domestic policy."

Mr. Willkie said both Republican and Democratic Party platforms had failed to face realistically the American Negro problem "which has assumed an importance unequalled since the period immediately following the Civil War. Both the 1944 political platforms in the pledges from their programmes towards the Negroes were tragically inadequate.

"The war has made us conscious of contradictions between our treatment of Negro minority and the ideals for which we are fighting. Negroes feel—and who can deny them—that if they have the right to die with their white fellow citizens in the protection of liberty, they also have the right to live with them in the enjoyment of liberty."—Reuter.

DOMINION TROOPS TAKE BELLARIA

Allies Extend Bridgehead On Rubicon To Depth Of More Than Two Miles

Mediterranean Allied Force advance Headquarters, Sept. 28: Today's communique announced the capture of Bellaria by Dominion troops.

The communique said: "In the central sector American and British troops of the Fifth Army continued to exert unrelenting pressure against strong enemy resistance and at some points during the last 24 hours advanced as much as two miles to capture important features.

On the Adriatic coast British and Dominion troops have now crossed the Rubicon on a front of over ten miles and have exteded their bridgehead to a depth of more than two miles. Dominion troops captured the town of Bellaria and other Eighth Army troops are closing in on the town of Savignano.

RUSSIANS IN SIGHT OF RIGA

Withdrawal Of German Troops From Carpathians

MOSCOW, Sept. 28: From Reuter's special correspondent: The Russians are in sight of Riga from the south-east. A front dispatch says that from an observation point in a tall tree they can see through field glasses the outlines of buildings, ruined houses and German blockhouses wreathed in Baltic mists.

NAZI WITHDRAWAL

Meanwhile, on the Polish-Slovak border, a Berlin military spokesman reported, the Germans are facing a far superior Russian army and "are fighting to the last breath". The spokesman also reported that German lines in the Carpathian mountains had been withdrawn.—Reuter.

MINIMUM WAGE FOR WORKERS

Issue Before Tri-partite Labour Conference

NEW DELHI, Sept. 28.

It is understood that the Government of India, Labour Department is sounding all employers of labour on the question of fixing the minimum wage for labourers. This question was discussed at a previous Tri-partite Labour Conference and it is understood, will also be discussed at the next Tri-Partite Labour Conference which will be held on October 27 and 28.—United Press.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"If one does not agree with you or differs from you, you are always right and the other party is always wrong. The next thing is that many are waiting prepared in your circle, to pillory me when the word goes...."

Strategic Forestalling by the Qaid-e-Azam.

* * *

We notice a rumour to the effect that President Roosevelt sent a personally written letter to Mahatma Gandhi through a special messenger.

And, of course, this rumour is incorrect. Apart from other reasons it is impossible to conceive of an experienced diplomat and statesman recognising thus a man who is no more than an individual and has no representative capacity.

* * *

At the prayer meeting on Wednesday last, Gandhiji said that the break down of the talks should be regarded "as an incentive for greater efforts towards unity."

Before we so regard it, we should have a "clear idea" of its meaning and implications. We ask for some explanations regarding that word "unity." It is "vague and nebulous" and requires clarification."

* * *

Reuter's political correspondent reports that Earl Munster, the Under-Secretary of State for India, is visiting India at an early date.

Who pays?

Or are we forgetting sterling balances and all that?

* * *

Affirming its belief in the right of India to full self-government, the Commonwealth Labour Parties Conference "looks to the British Government and leaders of Indian communities to co-operate for its achievement with the least possible delay."

Well rubbed in, we are bound to say.

* * *

That great Tory friend of India, Sir John Wardlaw-Milne, M.P., says: "One very much regrets that the conversations (between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah) have failed....."

Does one?

* * *

Apropos of the Dumberton Oaks Talks, U.S. Under-Secretary of State, Stettinius states that "a very encouraging agreement has been reached with Russia on many matters."

That is to say, agreement has not been reached on many other matters.

* * *

Captain Ramsay, M.P., released after four years' detention, has taken his seat in the House of Commons, reports Reuter.

We only add to it that the Captain was arrested and interned as a dangerous pro-Nazi and even he has been released in England. What is more he has resumed his duties as M. P.

CHARGE OF UNFAIR COMPETITION AGAINST INDIANS

DURBAN, Sept. 28.—The fear of unfair Indian competition in the building trade in Durban was expressed by representatives of the Master-Builders' Association to three arbitrators who heard evidence from building employers and employees here today. The arbitrators have been appointed by the Minister of Labour with a view to formulating new legislation.

A representative of Master-Builders said that 139 registered Indian builders in Durban underpaid their artisans and were thus able to contract at half the European contract costs. "We wish to make it clear that we have no racial bias, only an economic bias" he said. "It must be generally accepted that if the Indian builder can put up a building at half the cost to the European, there must be something wrong. The Europeans are quite prepared to compete on equal terms, but they cannot do so today."

He contended that Indian builders were obtaining 40 per cent of the work in Durban.

Master-builders in a memorandum submitted that the present wage rates per hour were higher in the building industry than any other kindred industry and hours of work shorter.

Indian Fisheries Committee

BOMBAY, Sept. 28.

The Government of India have constituted Committee to examine the question of Indian Fisheries. The first meeting of the Committee will take place in Bombay on Wednesday, October 4, 1944, at 11 a. m. at the Secretariat.

The personnel of the Committee: Mr. Fasul Ibrahim Rahimtoola, (Chairman); The Hon. Nawab Khurshaid Ali Khan, Member, Council of State; The Director of Industries and Commerce, Madras; Mr. B. K. Dubash of the International Fishing and Trading Co., Bombay; Mr. A. Karmally of Bombay; Mr. Jyotish Chandra Biswas of Calcutta; Pir Mahomed Haji Juman, Fish Merchant, Karachi; Dr. C.C. John of Trivandrum; Mr. S Najmuf Hassan, M.L.A. Bihar; Dr. Baihi Purshad, Fisheries Development Adviser to the Government of India (Secretary).

Indore State Praja Mandal

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE Sept. 28

I learn on reliable authority that the Maharaja of Indore has ordered the lifting of ban on the State Praja Mandal and all its branches.

Reform Of French Press And News System Contemplated

PARIS, Sept. 27:—The Associated Press of America, reporting on the De Gaulle Government's endorsement of the principles of freedom of news, quoted the French Committee of National Liberation Information Minister, Pierre Teitgen, as saying that a thorough reform of the French press is contemplated.

Teitgen said the Committee believes that "free diffusion of news is a condition of democracy's good functioning and the establishment of peace" and also that "free dissemination of information throughout the world" requires not only "freedom of news agencies but also, for both national and foreign agencies, free access to means of communication without differential rates."

The Committee, Teitgen said, plans to reform the French press by omitting such objectionable pre-war features as the national news agency Havas which was avowedly connected with the Government and subject to political influences as well as to the advertising business. A number of big French newspapers also, were subject to extraneous financial influences.—U.S.O.W.I.

SIMLA, Sept. 28: Dr. Santaram Seth, M.L.A., and Mr. Kundanlal Sharma, who were under detention, have been ordered to be released by the Punjab Government.—A. P.

COTTON MILL SHARES HARDEN FURTHER

GOLD STRONG: COTTON AGAIN WEAK

BOMBAY, September 28.

Gold as well as silver prices ruled strong with active trading. Cotton prices were again weaker on absence of poor support. The share market manifested a higher tendency on shortage of contracts. Cotton mill shares continued to evoke good inquiry.

The Share Market opened higher in sympathy with firmness of Indian Iron and Bengal Steel. Prices advanced further but at higher levels due to profit taking, the market after a slight reaction ruled very steady.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 2,105 and after advancing to Rs. 2,120 quietened down to Rs. 2,112. Dyeing ruled firm around Rs. 1,720, Kohinoor Rs. 564, Swadeshi Rs. 491, Nagpur Rs. 374, Finlay Rs. 376, Swan Rs. 304, India United Mills Ord. Rs. 13-14, Defd. Rs. 3-13, Scindia Rs. 29-10, Associated Cement Rs. 219, Simplex Rs. 232, Indian Iron Rs. 39-2, Bengal Steel Rs. 31-2, and Premier Construction Rs. 188.

TEXTILES.

Bombay Dyeing 1720; Century xd 810; Central India 342; Colaba Land 203/8; Finlay 217/8; Gokak 294; Indian Bleaching 176; Kohinoor 558; Morarji 603/12; Mysore 318/12; New Great 371; Phoenix 552/8; Simplex 232/8; Swadeshi 490; Swan 304; Ahmedabad Advance 405; Aurangabad 1750; Apollo 3-14-6; Berar 300; Bharat 62/8; Bradbury 360; Broach Fine 132-8; Coorla 196-4; David 1000; Dawn 1050; Edward Textiles 675; India United Defd 2-13-9; India United Ord 14-4; Elphinstone Ord 77; Gold Mohur 280; Hindustan 3:50; Indian Manuf. 3850; Indore Malwa 661-4; Khatau 321-4; Laxmi 1305; Madhawji Defd 18; Madhusudan 413-12; Meyer 203-12; Minerva 240; Model Nagpur 251-4; New City 370; New Union 23; New Victoria 7-14; Podar 331-4; Poona Mill 135; Sajjan xd 390; Sassoon Cotton 21-4; Sassoon Silk 83; Shapurji Bharucha 9; Sholapur 7025; Shrinivas 321-4; Tata Mills 56-8; Vishnu Cotton 457-8; Western xd 3400.

STEELS AND MININGS.

Tata Steel Defd 2117-8; Tata Steel Ord 377; Shivrajpur 51-8; Indian Iron 39; Bengal Steel 31; Burma Corporation 5; Indian Copper xd 2-15-6;

CEMENT

A. C. C. 219; Hydro Electric: Andhra Valley 1807-8;

****

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Tata Steel Ord (374-8) 376 378 3/6 378 3/7

Tata Steel Defd (2093-12) 2105 2115 2107 2118-12 2110 2122-8 2117-8

Bombay Dyeing (1706-4) 1715 1721 1719 1725 1716-4 1720 1726-4 1728-12 1725.

Kohincor (548) 550 553 551 555 553 557 555 558

Simplex (229-8) 231 232 230-8 233

A Cement (218-4) 219 218-4 219

****

Tata Power 1880; Tata Hydro 202-8; Bombay Tramway 147; Ahmedabad Electricity 203-12; Amalgamated Electric 16-4; Ajmere 14-8; B. Suburban 215; Broach 9-8; Karachi 247-8; Poona 295; Surat 215.

BANKS

A B Corp. 38; Baroda 129-8; Central 74-12; Habib 75; Hindustan Com. 57; Hindustan Merchan. 49; Imperial F P 1972-8; Imperial P P 4/6-4; India 174-8; International Bank xd 59; Jaipur Bank 69-8; Reserve 131; Union 8-14; United Commercial 79.

INSURANCE

Br. I. General 18-8; Empire 797-8; Jupiter xd 30; Indian Mercantile 61-8; New India 76-8; New Great 24-8; Oriental 6150; Vulcan 16.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej Railway xd 775; C. P. Railway 101; Dhond Baramati 120; Mandra Bhon 118; Pachora-Jamner 102; Sialkot Narowal 124.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 421-4; B.I.C. 6-1-0; Belapur Sugar 221; Bombay Steam 517-8; Bombay Burma 570; B. Burma (New) 180; Premier Construction 189; Br. Burma Petrol 4-4-0; Indian Radio Ord 470; Indian Radio Defd 450; Industrial Investment Trust 124; Kesar Sugar 250; Port Canning 108; Scindia Steam 29-11; Tata Oil xd 69; Tata Chemicals 22; Wimco Match 287-8.

PREFERENCE SHARES

7 per cent Andhra Valley 1685; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1787-8; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 168-12; 7 per cent Bombay Tram 71-8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 223-12; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 160-8; 6 per cent Bombay Steam 362-8; 5 per cent Ahmedabad Advance 145; 7 per cent Bradbury 560; 5 per cent C. India 795; 7 per cent Elphinstone 118-12; 5 1/2 per cent New Great 243-12; 6 per cent New Victoria 9-12; 5 per cent Swadeshi 150; 7 per cent Vishnu 792-8; 6 1/4 per cent Hindustan Construction 129-8; 6 1/4 per cent Premier Construction 1st 141; 6 1/4 per cent Premier Construction 2nd 137; 5 1/2 per cent Amalgamated 145; 5 per cent Tata Chemicals 140.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 99-8; 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 99-12; 3 per cent 1946 1st Def 102-4; 3 per cent 1949-52 2nd Def 101-6; 3 per cent 1951-54 3rd Def 101; 3 per cent 1953-55 4th Def 100-6; 3 per cent 1957 Victory 100-1; 3 per cent 1963-65 99; 3 per cent 1966-68 98-4; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 103-10; 4 per cent 1960-70 112-10; 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 116-2; 5 per cent 1945-55 T. F. 103-14.

Gold & Silver

Bombay, Sept. 28

The Gold and Silver markets after ruling firm reacted on selling pressure. The undertone is not bad.

Gold for Tuesday delivery opened at Rs. 66-8 and due to some selling pressure, the rate eased off to Rs. 65-12 but steadied around Rs. 65-14. Silver after opening at Rs. 119-12 declined to Rs. 119.

Later on the news from Sophia led to renewed short covering with gold advancing to Rs. 67-10 and silver to Rs. 12-4. The market tendency was good.

Closing prices:—

Silver Tuesday delivery	Rs.	120	8 0
Silver Spot	Rs.	122	0 0
Gold delivery	Rs.	67	7 0
Gold Spot	Rs.	67	13 0

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Sept. 28

Sentiment on the Cotton market ruled bearish and prices were quoted lower.

I.C.C. March opened at Rs. 429 and after easing off to Rs. 427 recovered to Rs. 428. The market trend has become unsettled due to the possible prolongation of the European war.

Later on the market dropped sharply in view of weakness of Karachi cotton. I.C.C. March contract declined to Rs. 423-4 but after recovering to Rs. 425-12 reverted back to Rs. 423-12. Closing quotations:—

I.C.C. March	Rs.	423	12 0
I.C.C. May	Rs.	433	8 0

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 27.

"Cotton opened barely steady, six to two points down and then declined on overnight liquidation and hedges, the latter possibly in connection with yesterday's large spot sales in the South. Except for mention of labour shortages, the Weekly Weather Report was construed favourable. Prices later rallied on aggressive price fixing and trade and New Orleans buying, dry up of contracts and inflation psychology. Meanwhile traders are cautious pending some clarification of the full parity working details. Prices steadied on persistent dribbling fixations, no important hedges, reports of an increasing holding movement in the South attributed to the outlook for full parity price guarantee. The session closed steady."

NEW YORK COTTON.

October 21.95, December 21.91, January 21.85 Middling Spot 22.39.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

October 21.99, December 21.95, January 31.87 Middling Spot 21.51.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

October 21.99, December 21-93. March 21.93.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 27.

Spot 23-1/2, Forward 23-1/2.

LONDON GOLD.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-8-0.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Sept. 28.

Sugar and Breweries:—Deccan 37 Do 87 Indian Sugar 25/12 Mysore Sugar 62 South India 16 Travancore 13/12.

Plantings:—Cochin Malabar 15/4 Chembra Peaks 10/6 Fringfords 16 Kalpittas 41/8 Manalur 5 Midland 12/4 Nellitha 12/2 Pullangdoes 2/15 Thrumbadi 4/8 Valkundam Vellamalai 125/4 Vellikam 30/8 Woodlands 10.

Textiles:—B and C Ordy 300 Cambodia 27/12 Coimbatore Murugan 190 Do New 97 Kothari Tex 30 Lakshmi 140 Do New 73 Mettur 260 Madura 66/8 Pankaja 262/8 Rangavillas 14/8 Sitaram Spg 155 Wasantha 275.

Miscellanous:—And . Cement 115 Hindtrust 20/4 Ind. St. Roll 7/14 Mysore Chem and Fert 24/6 Mysore Chem Mfrs 38/4 Mysore Glass Enamel 21/0 Mettur Chem 16/12 Spence 13.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 22nd day of September 1944.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,87,01,000	
Notes in circulation	940,56,65,000	
Total Notes issued		950,43,66,000
Total Liabilities		950,43,66,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000	
(b) Held outside India	.....	
Sterling Securities	834,32,89,000	
Total of A		878,74,32,000
B. Rupee Coin		13,85,29,000
Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,05,000
Internal Bills of Total Assets		950,43,66,000
Exchange and other commercial Paper		

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, Sept. 28.

Cocoanut Raw 60 Dry 90 Cocoanut-oil 308 Copra Office 18211/2 Dilpasand 200 Madrasnottam 335 Goodgoods 240 Pepper Wynad 270 Country 260 Dryginger Chernad 175 Ernad 160 Coffee Robusta 105.

BERYL TEMPLEMAN JOINS E. N. S. A.

BOMBAY, Sept. 28.

Beryl Templeman, India's favourite swing singer, recently with Ken MAC's band, has joined E. N. S. A. She is proceeding to Calcutta, where she will sing in one of the first shows to be produced under the new ENSA-BESA hook-up.

Khuhro Taken To Sukkur

SUKKUR, Sept. 28.

Khan Bahadur Khurho was brought to Sukkur by the Lahore Mail in the early hours this morning. Escorted by Mr. G. G. Ray, the Inspector-General of Police, and other high police officials, the Khan Bahadur travelled by an air conditioned compartment. It is reported that the police are proceeding to Garhiyasin to effect more arrests.—United Press.

Cases Under Press Act Before Special Bench

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Divatia, Mr. Justice Chagla and Mr. Justice Lokur).

Vishnu Gangadhar Ketkar, Keeper of the "Loksangraha Press" Poona ..... Applicant

v

The Government of Bombay ..... Opponent

This was an application under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931 for setting aside an order made by the Government on 1st November requiring a deposit of Rs. 2,000 from the applicant on the ground that his press had been used for the purpose of printing a book entitled "Savarkar Charitra" (Life of Savarkar) written in Marathi by Mr. S. L. Karandikar. The Government alleged that the said book contained 23 passages which tended to encourage the commission of cognizable offences, involving violence or which expressed approval or admiration of a person represented to have committed any such offence within Section 4 (1) (a) or (b) of the Act.

Opening the case, the Advocate for the applicant stated that the biography in question was mainly a historical work but that it also had high literary merit written as it was by an author who occupied a high position in Marathi literature.

Mr. Justice Chagla: "Somebody has defined history as the biography of great men. It was Carlisle."

Mr. Dharap relied on the first explanation to Section 4 as protecting historical or literary works.

Mr. Dharap: "History and literature are the life-breath of a nation. You cannot kill history and literature or you will not have a nation at all."

Mr. Dharap contended that none of the passages objected to were objectionable, but cited authorities to show that even if two or three of these passages in 700 pages were so in their lordships' opinion, the whole book must be looked at to find out what its tendency was. Mr. Dharap then took their lordships through translations of passages from the book. He was still addressing the Court when it rose for the day.

Mr. K. N. Dharap with Mr. Virker appeared for the applicant.

The Advocate-General Mr. N. P. Engineer with the Government Pleader Mr. B. G. Rao appeared for the Government.

"Forum" Application Admitted

Before hearing this matter, Their Lordships admitted for argument two applications—one by the Editor and Publisher of the "Forum" from whom a security of Rs. 2,000 was demanded by Government for the article headed "Halt this march to the Gallows" in respect of the death sentences in the Chimur and Ashti cases in the Central Provinces, and the other by Prof. N. S. Phadke whose Marathi novel of fiction "Shakuntal" was proscribed by Government.

Famine Commission Visits Storage Godowns

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In a fifteen mile tour of Bombay, the Famine Enquiry Commission today visited a number of Bombay Government's reception and storage godowns. They saw the arrangements made for arrivals of imported wheat from abroad and other parts of India and the arrangements for sorting, cleaning sales and deliveries of wheat, rice and other food grains. Some of the godowns were new. These have been completed to replace those which had been damaged during the explosions and also to provide additional storage accommodation.

The Commission were told that direct sale of atta to consumers was limited and the greater part of the wheat supplied was in the form of grain.

FACILITIES FOR DEMOBILISED SOLDIERS

Rural Development Centres To Be Opened

A scheme prepared by the Government of Bombay, to afford special facilities for demobilised soldiers from the province and their families was explained to the Press by Sir Charles Bristow, Adviser to the Governor, at a Press Conference, held at the Bombay Secretariat on Thursday afternoon.

The scheme envisages various facilities for men from all the three defence forces, the Army, the Navy and the Air Force. Men, both combatant and non-combatant, as well as members of the mercantile marine will be entitled to these facilities.

Realising that it was Government's responsibility to look after the returned soldier Government have given enough thought to the question of finding suitable employment for him after he is discharged from the services.

Government will train every soldier who is not incapacitated to fit in some trade or the other.

Those who are completely incapacitated will receive pensions and those partially disabled will be given light work as gate-keepers, commissionaires, etc., and some of them will be absorbed in such rural development centres as chicken-farms and other cottage industries.

Government's chief object was to raise their standard of living.

As the bulk of the defence forces was drawn from the villages it was but natural to re-settle the returned soldier in the villages. It was, therefore, proposed to form Rural Development Centres where training in agriculture, animal husbandry, etc., would be imparted.

RETIRED SOLDIERS LAND SETTLEMENT BILL

There will be also more Taluka Demonstration Centres, of which there are already 13 in the presidency.

Government would have very much liked to provide land to returned soldiers, but though this was possible on a large scale in the Punjab, in Bombay there was very little land to give. They had, therefore, a Bill on the anvil which will be known as the Retired Soldiers' land Settlement Bill. When this Bill is legislated and is brought into force it will give the soldier a prior claim on any land that is to be sold in his district or village.

It was one of the objects of the scheme to keep up the prices of agricultural products. This was bound to follow as a sequel to the post-war industrial expansion in the province.

The demobilised technical personnel from the three services will be absorbed by Government Technical Recruiting and Employment Centres through Liaison Officers and Labour Exchange Services.

ACID STOMACH

Dizzy and sick?

Two Rennies will Relieve it QUICK!

Acid indigestion can get you right down. But cheer up—there's a failme-never remedy. Ever heard of Rennies? Of course you have! You carry them round in your pocket or handbag. They deal with indigestion on the spot, the very moment it hits out at you.

Rennies are separately wrapped so you can carry them loose. You pop a pleasant-tasting Rennie into your mouth, and suck it just like a sweet. Then another. Easy, isn't it? And it's certain-cure, too!

It only takes two short minutes for Rennies to neutralize excess acid. Nausea, pain, heartburn, flatulence—they've gone—just like that! You face the next meal with a healthy appetite.

Get a packet to-day from your chemist, store, or bazar, and carry a few loose wherever you go.

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INDARC "A" Electrodes are suitable for all types of welds, in mild steel, requiring highest tensile strength and good ductility.

6 Gauge	Rs. 65/-	per 1000	feet
8 Gauge	Rs. 49/-	per 1000	feet
10 Gauge	Rs. 39/-	per 1000	feet
12 Gauge	Rs. 32/-	per 1000	feet
14 Gauge	Rs. 22/-	per 1000	feet

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These electrodes are packed in wooden cases of 1,000 feet each of their respective gauges.

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falling prices prove the wisdom of saving for the future

If no one had saved money last year and early this year; if Government had not introduced strict price controls and increased the manufacture of bazaar goods, prices would still be fantastically high, as they were last year.

But private savings and administrative action by Government have brought prices down. People who foolishly invested in jewels, property, commodities and goods have seen their investments shrink before their very eyes.

And this is not the end. The downward trend will persist. Be wise. Don't be caught by falling prices.

These, as before, are today's best investments: every time prices fall an anna, these investments improve in value: Co-operative Societies, Insurance, Savings Bank Account, Post-Office Savings Bank, Government Loans and National Savings Certificates.

Do without luxuries. There is plenty of time after the war for new clothes, new furniture, new houses, new cycles and motor cars. Save money now to spend it then.

save ALL YOU CAN AND INVEST ALL YOU SAVE

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We have opened a "Clinical Department" under the direct supervision of qualified and experienced physicians and surgeons. All persons suffering from loss of vitality and vigour premature old age, lack of stamina, married and personal hygiene problems, female irregularities and disorders, DEFORMITIES OF THE BUST (sagging, infantile, over developed etc.) MENTAL AND NERVOUS DISORDERS (psychoanalytic and suggestive therapeutics under deep hypnosis) OBESITY (planned diet, re-educative exercises, electro vibratory massage and hormone vitamin mineral feeding), ALL CONSTITUTIONAL CHRONIC DISEASES WHICH HAVE DEFIED ALL TREATMENTS, etc., can now secure personal individualised treatment and expert guidance. Latest laboratory equipment to facilitate exact diagnosis available ELECTROTHERAPY (diathermy ultra short wave therapy, electro surgery, deep X-ray therapy, actino therapy, ultra violet and infrared radiations, electric tonisation, etc. etc.) with latest modern apparatuses is a SPECIALITY at our CLINIC. Consultations free. Strictest privacy and confidence guaranteed. Consult in person between 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. on any week day. (Saturdays 2 p.m to 4 p.m. If you cannot visit us personally send the full history of your case in detail if possible, ask your family physician to send us a detailed report) and a STAMPED SELF-ADDRESSED ENVELOPE for "diagnosis and suggested treatment" of your case.

Send Rs. 2 (postage 8 as. extra) by Money Order or Postal Order or by V.P.P for Rs. 2-10) for a copy of the latest revised and enlarged 3rd edition of "Health and Vitality by Modern Methods". Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about hormones, vitamins, rejuvenation, beautifying the bust, contour, female disorders, etc., etc., is described in minutest detail in this handbook. Nothing like it ever published before. ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING MOST OF OUR OUTSTANDING PRODUCTS AND OUR PRIVATE COURSES OF INSTRUCTIONS "HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED."

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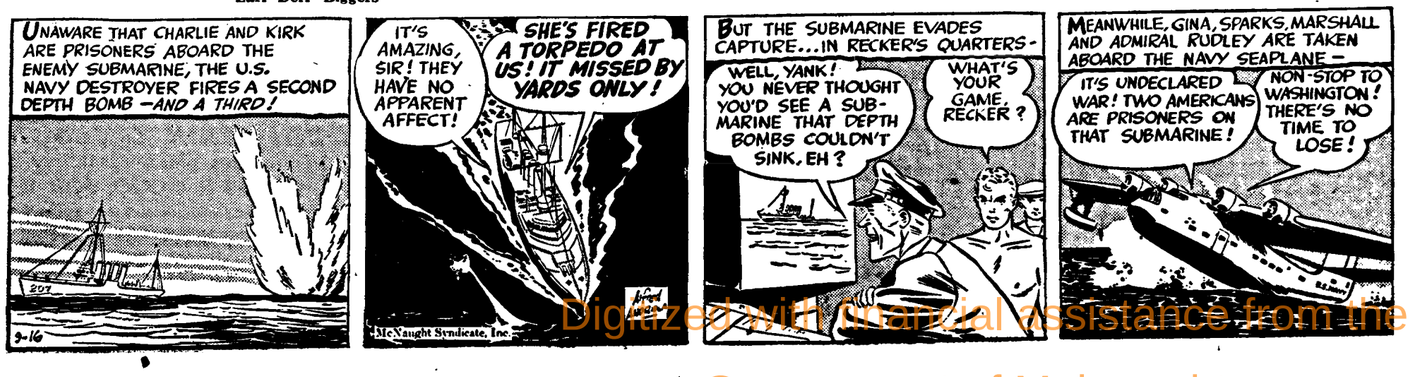
UNAWARE THAT CHARLIE AND KIRK ARE PRISONERS ABOARD THE ENEMY SUBMARINE, THE U.S. NAVY DESTROYER FIRES A SECOND DEPTH BOMB —AND A THIRD!
IT'S AMAZING, SIR! THEY HAVE NO APPARENT AFFECT!
SHE'S FIRED A TORPEDO AT US! IT MISSED BY YARDS ONLY!
BUT THE SUBMARINE EVADES CAPTURE...IN RECKER'S QUARTERS-
WELL, YANK! YOU NEVER THOUGHT YOU'D SEE A SUBMARINE THAT DEPTH BOMBS COULDN'T SINK, EH?
WHAT'S YOUR GAME, RECKER?
MEANWHILE, GINA, SPARKS, MARSHALL AND ADMIRAL RUDLEY ARE TAKEN ABOARD THE NAVY SEAPLANE—
IT'S UNDECLARED WAR! TWO AMERICANS ARE PRISONERS ON THAT SUBMARINE!
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MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable social Hindu Virgin Widow mate of any caste between 25 to 30 years without encumbrances. Slim, beautiful, well-educated, for a well-to-do South Indian Baniya to settle down at Bangalore. Preference will be given for medical beginners wishing to start business at Bangalore. Other educated people also can apply giving full particulars, enclosing snap-shots or photograph to Box No. 6168, "Bombay Chronicle."

PERSONAL ADLETS

Manufacturers wishing to represent themselves in Punjab and N.W.F.P. may please communicate with M|s. M. Lal Asri & Co., Mohanlal Road, Lahore, with full particulars. (6162)

Wanted a decent Partner either sex to share a double-room block with a young bachelor. Those who can advance a loan of Rs. 800 (which will be repaid within 8 months). Please apply to Box No. 6155, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Tutoress cum governess at Bombay. Hindi and English. U. Pian preferred. Apply stating qualifications and terms. Box No. 6160 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Collegians in free time to work for two or three hours on decent terms. Apply Box No. 6166, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by British Life Assurance Company in Lucknow, Actuarial Assistant, passed at least two parts. Submit application with details of qualifications and experience to P. O. Box No. 281, Bombay. 422

Wanted Assistant Electrical Engineer required for modern industrial plant. Applicant must have A. C. experience including practical knowledge of winding and repair shop supervision. Good prospects to right man. Apply Box No. 395, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Electrical Draughtsman with good general training required for factory layout and record work. Mechanical man with electrical knowledge considered. Apply Box No. 396, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Copy-holders with good command over English language. Apply with testimonials to the Manager The Bombay Chronicle between 2 p.m and 4 p.m (N.S.T.)

Wanted for Film Studio, well qualified and experienced Make-up Artist. Pay Rs. 125 p. m. with usual Dearness Allowance and house allowances. Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Administrative Officer, Information Films of India, 74/94, Tardeo Road, Bombay No. 7, by 9th October, 1944. 410

SITUATION WANTED

An experienced Engineer, expert in making all sorts of dies, knowing power press work and well-versed in the manufacture of all pressed articles out of sheet metal. Apply to the Director, J. K. Engineers, Kamla Tower, Cawnpore, stating minimum salary acceptable. (374)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Journalism, Story-Writing Masterly English, Accountancy, Shorthand D. Com. Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 5974A

U. P. Engineering Institute, Thakurganj, Lucknow. Applications invited from I.Sc. (Maths. Phys. Chem.) candidates and Overseers of recognised Eng. Schools for Courses: A.M.I.E. A.M.I.C.E. A M I Struct. E. A.M.I. Mech. E., and A.M.I.E.E Examinations (Recognised by Govt. of India) Session January 1945. Competent Staff Hostel arrangements. Scholarships. Free Prospectus from Director 421

Inter-commerce and B.Com. students should note that a session in English will be held at the Chabildas High School. For particulars write to M. R. Ezekiel, "Succoth" 27/29. Umerkhadi, Bombay 9. 6157

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For sale very fit male and female Afghan Hound Puppies some black, some fawn from beautiful pedegreed parents. Apply Box No. 6149. "Bombay Chronicle."

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For Sale one big size Loco multi-tubler Boiler, rating 1,800, used only five years in Government Works. Apply K K Sharma, 28, Tarachand Dutt St Calcutta 6032

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS

MEMBERS of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on the 29th September, 1944, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 28th September, 1944.
(423)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

P. 549/550. The Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food (Div. III) New Delhi, invites tenders from manufacturers equipped with up to date plant operated in a strictly hygienic manner for lime juice cordial and lemon juice required in large quantities by the Army in 1945. Deliveries to commence from December 1944. Government will assist successiul tenderers to acquire controlled materials.

Price of tender form is Rs. 10/- per set and is not refundable and the forms not transferable. These may be obtained from the Assistant Secretary (E-II) Food Department (Division III), New Delhi. Payment should be made to Assistant Secretary in cash or by Money Order quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Food Department must state in their applications for tender forms the names of their Bankers.

Tenders will be received up to the 19th of October, 1944. 420

WALCHANDNAGAR INDUSTRIES LTD.

The Debentureholder of Walchandnagar Industries Ltd., (till recently known as "Marsland Price & Co. Ltd.) under the Debenture Trust Deed dated the 24th January 1939.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 1000 5½% Debentures of the aggregate value of Rs. 10,00,000 issued under the provisions of and secured by the Debenture Trust Deed dated the 24th day of January, 1939, will be redeemed and the principal money together with interest will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company at Construction House, Wittet Road, Ballard Esate, Bombay on the 31st day of March 1945 on presentation and surrender of the debentures in question together with all the interest coupons Nos. 12 to 20 inclusive. Please note that interest on the said debentures will cease from the 1st day of April 1945.

Dated this Twenty Eighth day of September, 1944.

1. WALCHAND HIRACHAND
2. MANEKLAL PREMCHAND
3. GULABCHAND HIRACHAND
4. JIVATLAL PURTAPSHI.

Trustees.

Construction House,
Wittet Road
Ballard Estate, Bombay. 416

MINERVA MILLS, LTD.
LOST OR MISPLACED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificates Nos. 687, 688, 689, 690 and 691 of the above Company standing in the name of Mr. A. Cypriano M. Lacerda of Bombay have been LOST or MISPLACED. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be made to us at the Registered Office of the Company, 70, Forbes Street, Fort Bombay within 15 days from the date of this Notice, failing which duplicates of the said share certificates will be issued.

For Minerva Mills Ltd.,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Bombay, dated 29th September, 1944. 414

WANTED

APPLICATIONS fom Graduates in Chemistry for temporary posts of Assistant-Chemists in the grade of Rs. 120-15|2-240. Experience in the manufacture and analysis of Drugs is essential. Knowledge of local language is also desirable. Applications should be addressed to 'The Deputy Assistant Director General (Medical Stores), Medical Store Depot, Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay and should reach the office on or before 5-10-44. 418

NOTICE

ATTENTION OF ALL HOLDERS OF LICENCES to deal in cotton cloth is invited to the order calling for information on various heads, which has been posted to each one of them and they are requested to supply the information called for therein by the prescribed date. If any of the licence holders does not receive his copy of the letter within one week from this date, he should apply personally to the office of the Assistant Textile Controller (Licences) and obtain a copy for himself.

J. K. THAKORE,
Provincial Textile Controller.
27th September, 1944. 115

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for about 150 posts of Purchase Inspectors on Rs. 80-5-2-100 and 30 posts of Supervisors on Rs. 100 with the usual dearness allowance admissible under the rules in the mofussil.

The applicants must at least be Matriculates with an aptitude for outdoor work. Persons with previous experience in this office will be given preference.

The applicants should see the undersigned with their applications and testimonials from 28th September onwards at his office in the Royal Institute of Science Building, Bombay.

G. L. SHETH,
Grain Purchase Officer,
Bombay. 115

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WALCHANDNAGAR INDUSTRIES LTD.

Construction House,
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 11th October, 1944 to MONDAY, the 16th October, 1944, (both days inclusive).

By Oder of the Board,
The Premier Construction Co.. Ltd., Agents.
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary. 415

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Lady Director in Dhrangadhra State (Kathiawar). Pay: Rs. 300-20-400 plus Rs. 40|- as conveyance allowance and free quarters. The post is pensionable. Working knowledge of Gujarati language absolutely necessary. Apply to 'Dewan, Dhrangadhra State', stating age, caste, mother tongue, educational qualifications, experience, where and how occupied at present, together with a copy of a recent photograph and testimonials. Applicant must also state whether married or unmarried or widow. 417

FOR SALE

RAM DAYAL BANKEY LAL COTTON GINNING & ICE FACTORY HATHRAS (U. P.)

Under the orders of the Civil Judge, Aligarh in suit No. 48 of 1943 the Receiver will offer for sale by Public Auction the Cotton Ginning & Ice Factory styled Ram Dayal Bankey Lall, Hathras with all machinery, buildings and shops etc., attached thereto at the premises of the Factory situate in Sasni Gate Hathras (U.P.) on Sunday the 22nd October, 1944 from 10-30 A.M.

The purchasers shall have to pay one fourth of the sale price on the spot to the Receiver.

Intending purchasers can inspect the Factory after arranging with the Receiver.

MOHD. ISMAIL, B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate,
Receiver, Aligarh (U.P.) 419

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N.W. F.P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British Indian subjects and subjects of notified Punjab States (Punjabis and Sikhs preferred—others can also apply) not later than 20th October, 1944, on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by Treasury or M.O. receipt for Rs. 5|- for a temporary (for six months for the present) post of ARTIST for teaching OLD STYLE INDIAN MINIATURE PAINTING at the Mayo School of Arts, Lahore. No age-limit. Qualifications: Candidates should be well-versed in the technique of Painting of the old Indian Masters, miniature painting making WASLIS, printing the surface of paper, preparation of pigments by old methods, glazing, etc. An artist with family tradition will be preferred. Pay: Rs. 300|- p.m fixed. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. (413)

AUCTION SALES

SALE TO-DAY AT 4-30 P. M. (N. S. T.), AT THE SITE OF THE PROPERTY.

The sale of Immovable property at Arthur Road, Tardeo, by order of Mr. Mansen Pushpasen Goragandni and others will take place today as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

BONAFIDE SALE

OPPORTUNITY TO BUY GENUINE PERSIAN CARPETS.

By order of the Mortgagee we shall sell by Auction a lot of Rich, Close stitched Persian and Bokhara Carpets of different sizes and designs from Teheran, Kashan, Tabriz, Korashan, etc., on FRIDAY, 29th September, 1944, at 4-30 P.M (N.S.T.) at our rooms. On view from 26th.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
122, Apollo St., Fort.

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Maximum prices have been fixed for all the main styles of footwear. Specific prices are also fixed for each type of "Flex" and "Bata" footwear. Full price lists are available from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, or from any of the Agents authorised to sell Government publications, price 1 anna, post free. Dealers are required to display these prices prominently in their shops. Manufacturers are also required to stamp on the footwear the brand name, the size, the quality and the price.

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Academy of Fine Arts, Calcutta, of which Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, M.L.A. (Central) is now President in succession to the late Maharaja Bahadur Sir Prodyot Commar Tagore, K.C. I.E., who was also its founder, will have its Ninth Annual Exhibition at the Government School of Art, 28, Chowringhee, in January, 1945, by the kind permission of the Governing Body of the School. The Prospectus is about to be issued. All communications should be addressed to the undersigned at 23, Debender Ghosh Road, Bhowanipore, Calcutta.

D. C. GHOSE,
J. P. GANGOOLY,
Jt. Honorary Secretaries.

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